Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

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STATE LAW MAKERS

Employment of Children Bill Introduced by Hess, of Philadelphia.

PROVISIONS OF THE MEASURE

It Makes it a Misdemeanor, With Penalty of Fine and Imprisonment, for the Employment of Children Under 18 Years for Theatrical Performances.

A BLOW AT YOUTHFUL PRODIGIES

HARRISBURG, March 13.—Mr. Hess, of Philadelphia, in the house yesterday introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $100 for the first offense and an imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than three years, for the employment of children under 18 years for theatrical or athletic performances, singing exhibitions or for playing upon musical instruments.

These bills passed finally in the house:

Requiring the price to be printed upon tickets of admission to places of amusement, theatres, parks, exhibitions, athletic grounds and outdoor games in Philadelphia:

Regulating and licensing sellers of tickets of admission to places of amusements, theatres, parks, exhibitions, athletic grounds and outdoor games in Philadelphia.

Requiring non-resident gunners to secure license before hunting in Pennsylvania.

Regulating and defining the boundary lines of public roads.

Supplement to the general corporation act of 1874, authorizing the formation of corporations for profit by voluntary association of three or more persons, one of whom, at least, must be a citizen of Pennsylvania.

Validating changes heretofore made in the names of corporations by courts.

Regulating the number of directors in corporations chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania.

Making a special appropriation of $30,000 to the soldiers' orphans' schools for extraordinary expenses incurred during the two years ending May 31, 1901.

Authorizing railroads heretofore or hereafter constructed to any river forming the boundary between this and any adjoining state to be built by means of a bridge and its approaches to the middle of such river and there connect with any railroad of such adjoining state heretofore or hereafter constructed.

The bill regulating the weight of black blasting powder used, made or sold in kegs in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, was amended on motion of Mr. Garner, of Schuylkill, to provide that each keg shall be plainly stamped with the name of the person or corporation manufacturing the powder and the number of pounds contained in the keg, after which it passed third reading and was laid aside for printing.

Former Postmaster of Tyrone Dead.

Major Francis Marion Bell, one of Tyrone's most prominent citizens, died at his home in that place Sunday morning at 10 o'clock of general prostration. He was aged 74 years, 3 months and 23 days.

He was a native of Centre county having been born and reared on a farm in Upper Spruce Creek valley and was a son of John and Margaret Johnson Bell, both long since deceased. He settled in Tyrone in 1850 and remained there ever afterwards.

In early life he engaged in the mercantile business and was appointed postmaster when the office was first established in 1853 under President Franklyn Pierce, and continued in office until 1857. Again in 1877 he was appointed postmaster of Tyrone continuing in office through the administrations of Hayes, Garfield, Arthur and one year of the first term of Cleveland, 9 years in all.

During the rebellion he served his country faithfully arising from the ranks to the position of Major of the 46th Penns. Volunteers. He participated in the battles of Falling Water, Chancellorsville, Antietam, South Mountain and a number of others.

He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon, Interment in the Tyrone cemetery.

—Henry J. Smith, postmaster at Salladsburg, has been missing from his home since last Thursday.

—Engineers are surveying a route between Falls Creek and DuBois for a street car line.

A FOREST NURSERY.

Will be Established in This State in the Near Future.

The first meeting of the state forestry reservation commission since the creation of the new department of forestry by the passage and signing of the bill introduced into the present session of the legislature, was held Friday afternoon at Harrisburg. Dr. Rothrock reported that over 110,092 acres of land are now actually held by the state as forest reservations.

In addition to these, there are 25,996 acres in the hands of the title examiner for examination as to title and transfer to the state, if the titles be found satisfactory. Fourteen thousand acres are under consideration, if price can be agreed upon and satisfactory titles given. This makes a total of 150,089 acres which either belong to the state actually or are in process of acquisition.

The commission recognizes clearly that the state has entered upon a great work, which is intended to benefit the commonwealth financially, in the way of restoration of timber and the lumbering industry. Arrangements have, therefore, been made to begin operations in a very modest way. A suitable location will be selected at once for the establishment of a nursery, on which to raise white pine, cherry, white oak, red oak, and other seedings for starting a typical young forest as soon as possible. The cost of this to the state will be nominal.

The duty of the state to protect the grounds which it has purchased against fires and against timber thieves, was considered and steps were taken to prosecute and punish all offenders.

Arrangements are in progress leading to the restocking of the streams, in Clinton and other counties, with fish by the fish commission, and it is probable that the public lands will be first considered in the distribution.

The commissioner of forestry was directed to formulate rules relating to the lighting of camp fires on the state grounds. These rules, when perfected, will be printed and posted, so that hunters and fishermen will be fully informed as to what the state expects of them who enjoy the privileges of fishing and hunting on state lands.

Measures were considered looking to the repair of roads passing through state forestry reservations.

A Williamsport Man's Will.

Saturday the provisions of the will of the late lumberman, Wm. Howard, of Williamsport, were made known. His estate aggregates $800,000. To each of his two grandchildren, a boy of 15 and a girl of 12 years, children of his son, he gives $100,000. His only child, his son Samuel, with whom he became estranged some time ago, receives a monthly stipend of $75 for life.

To the Masonic fraternity, of Williamsport, he bequeaths $42,000 for the building of the Masonic cathedral for Scottish Rite Masons. The Howard Memorial Episcopal church, which Mr. Howard built 10 years ago, is given $20,000. The Williamsport hospital and the Williamsport home for the Friendless received substantial bequests, as does also the wife of his son Samuel. The remainder of his fortune goes to his widow.

A Great Army.

The strength of the militia in Pennsylvania and the unorganized military resources of the same are given in the annual report of the adjutant general to congress as follows :

Pennsylvania—Generals 5; general staff, 45; regimental, field and staff officers, 190; company officers, 484; total officers, 724; non-commissioned officers, 2,100; musicians, 406; privates, 6,491; total, 8,998; grand total officers and men 9,722. The total number of men in Pennsylvania available for military duty unorganized is given at 917.528.

Library for State College.

Harrisburg, March 12.—The bill was passed finally by the senate last week accepting from Andrew Carnegie the gift of 100,000 for the erection of a library building for the use of Pennsylvania State College, pledging the faith of the state to fulfill the condition on which the donation is made, which is that the legislature must provide annually $10,000 for the maintenance of the library, and making the college as far as the act is concerned a part of the public school system of the state.

A Big Real Estate Deal.

Quite a big deal in timber land which was successfully engineered by Fortney & Walker was closed up Monday. The land in question belonged to the Jonathan Walker estate and was located in Miles township. There was 250 acres in all of the finest kind of timber land and it was sold to Ake & Tompkins of Clearfield for $17,000 cash. The full purchase money was paid over Monday to Fortney & Walker.

HIGH WATER CAUSES FEAR

It Has Startled the Ice on the Susquehanna and Tributaries.

DISASTROUS GORGES ARE LIKELY

Near Curwensville Thousands of Logs are Jammed and This Causes Considerable Uneasiness in Clearfield—Rafts Held Up.

PLENTY OF SNOW IN THE WOODS

LANCASTER, Pa., March 12.—The ice has begun to move off the susquehanna at Columbia. There is a channel about 100 feet wide along this side, but along the Wrightsville shore the ice is still intact. Between Columbia and Harrisburg the river is filled with floating ice, but it is thought that it is not heavy enough to do any serious damage. At Marietta the condition is different and grave apprehension is felt. The water is steadily rising. The river is not yet bank full, but what is causing the most anxiety is the fact that the ice may give away before there is a sufficient quantity of water to carry it off safely and that disastrous gorges will follow. Not since 1875, and probably not even then, has there been such heavy ice upon the river at this point. Immediately in front of the town the river is clear of ice on this side, but on the York county side it is yet intact, and it is feared that when the ice just above the town breaks Front street will be flooded. The ice varies in thickness from twelve to twenty inches, and in many places ice from above has lodged underneath to a depth of ten feet.

Late yesterday afternoon a gorge formed in the neck, a narrow channel in the river just above McCall's ferry. Last night at Safe Harbor, where the Conestoga empties, the water was rising at the rate of a foot an hour, and it seemed impossible that the low lying portions of the town should escape flooding.

Clearfield, Pa., March 11.—Thousands of logs are jammed in the west branch of the Susquehanna near Curwensville, six miles above here, and are causing much uneasiness in Clearfield. The ice from above has lodged there fifteen feet high and is holding back a tremendous amount of water. Old lumbermen say that if the mass breaks not a single bridge will be left standing. All the rafts from the river are held above. An effort will be made to work a channel through with the use of dynamite. Several farms have been practically ruined by the heavy rush water. There is still two feet of snow in the woods.

York, Pa., March 12.—A break-up of the ice on the Susquehanna occurred this morning and a general movement of the ice commenced at Wrightsville. Reports from various points were to the effect that the ice was moving off quickly. There has been but a slight rise and no damage is feared unless a gorge forms at McCall's Ferry, eighteen miles below Wrightsville.

Greenville, Pa., March 12.—The big and little Shenango rivers were raging torrents last night and still rising. The flats south of Main street and that portion north of town bordering on the rivers are under water. Both rivers are full of ice and log wood, although efforts have been made to clear the channel with dynamite. The tenements on Race street are moving in boats and the Matthew Bros., John Pierce & Sons woolen mills and Hodges Manufacturing company have been obliged to close down. The Sharon Steel works and the Sharon Loop plant are under water. The Bessemer Railway company has been badly crippled, trains going over the Erie and Pittsburg between Shenango and Linesville. The railway bridge south of town has been badly damaged and the deep cuts north of Osgood have five feet of water in them.

An Escape.

The traveler from Mars, having just alighted, gazed with wonder upon the waste of ruins. "Strange," he murmured, "This aggregation of noble dwellings seems to have been visited by some fearful destructive catastrophe."

After much search he discovered a cowering creature beneath a heap of broken hogsheads and shattered mirrors. "What nation is this?" he inquired.

The inhabitant blanched. "Carrie Nation, ye dinged fool!" he shrieked, and withdrew shuddering.

"I must be in Kansas," cried the stranger, and, leaping upon his aeroplane, he convulsively grasped the lever and shot into the ether.—New York Press.

FAVOR VACCINATION.

The State Board of Health Protests Against Repeal.

The State Board of Health has addressed a circular letter to members of the Legislature strenuously protesting against the bill to repeal the section of the act of June 18, 1895, providing for the compulsory vaccination of school children.

Eight reasons are presented to show why the statute as it at present exists should be left undisturbed. They embody arguments defending the sanitary and hygienic necessity of vaccination as a protective against the attacks of smallpox and denying that evil effects follow the injection of bovine virus when cleanliness and care are used during and after the operation.

It is alleged that every epidemic of smallpox shows that vaccination not only vastly diminishes the number of cases, but also greatly lowers the mortality among those actually attacked by the disease, and the additional claim is made that since the introduction of bovine virus produced from the heifer, under the supervision of boards of health, the risk of the introduction of specific diseases into the human system by vaccination always infinitesimal, has been entirely obviated.

"During the epidemic which is now drawing to a close in this State," the circular declares, "at least one thousand five hundred persons were attacked. The direct expense to the State in enforcing quarantine, and in making reparation for goods and effects destroyed in the rural districts, was $11.637.88. Cities and towns probably spent ten times this amount. What the loss to the State has been from interruption of travel and traffic is difficult to estimate. The operation of several coal mines was seriously interrupted. All the loss might have been averted had the entire population been vaccinated."

JURY DECIDES

That Mrs. Perrine is the Daughter of W. S. Allen.

The jury in the famous Allen Pangborn case Thursday afternoon rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, Mrs. Louise Perrine, after being out four hours. By this verdict the man who for twenty-five years lived in Williamsport under the name of W. S. Allen is declared to have been none other than Stephen Pangborn, who deserted his wife and infant daughter in Plainfield, N. J., thirty-eight years ago. The daughter then deserted is now declared to be the legal heir to the property left by Allen at the time of his death twelve years ago. This property consists of valuable real estate located in the central part of the city and valued at $40,000. It is now in possession of various parties who purchased it at Orphans' court sale.

The case will likely be appealed to the higher courts.

Fire at the Brockerhoff House.

Thursday about 1 a. m. fire broke out in room 28 on the second floor of the Brockerhoff House and but for the prompt work of the occupants and attachees of the house, Bellefonte would have had one of the most serious conflagrations in its history.

The room was occupied by J. M. Craig, of State College. Mr. Craig had lighted the gas in his room, preparatory to retiring, but before doing so went into an adjoining room to talk to some friends. On his return to his room he discovered that the lace curtains were all on fire. He at once alarmed the house and the guests and attachees armed with buckets of water soon had the fire out, but not until considerable damage was done.

The fire destroyed the lace curtains, damaged a bureau, scorched the window casing and burned a hole in the floor. The loss is probably $100.

A. C. Mingle's shoe store which is directly below the room where the fire was is damaged by water to the extent of about $50.00

The fire evidently caught from the gas jet. The window being open at the time, the wind probably blew the lace curtains against the gas light setting them on fire.

The White Sale.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold their "White Sale" in the rooms of the W. C. T. U. today—Thursday. The sale will begin at noon and continue during the evening. The members of the society have been many weeks in preparing for the bazaar and they have an endless variety of handkerchiefs, aprons, towels, children's undergarments and nightgowns and other apparel for sale at reasonable prices. The ladies will serve one of their justly famous 25ct. suppers in the evening. The generous patronage of the public is solicited.

MITCHELL NOT PLEASED

Doesn't Like Action of Operators Who Have Posted Notices

SAYS THEY SHOULD MEET MINERS

Thinks Annual Conferences Are the Places Where all Differences Should be Adjusted—Why Small Strikes Occur.

UNION HAS NOT BEEN RECOGNIZED

SCRANTON, Pa., March 10.—President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, spent the day here on his way to the Hazleton convention. He reiterated the statement made by him through the Associated Press from Indianapolis that the posting of notices by the operators to the effect that the present terms of employment would be continued for another year was not satisfactory.

"In my judgment," said Mr. Mitchell, "the proper way to adjust wages and insure uninterrupted employment is to have annual conferences between the operators and the employes, as is done in the soft coal region. There is no good reason why the operators should not confer with the organization. Last fall they claimed the organization did not represent the miners. That excuse cannot be put forward now. Practically speaking every miner in the region is now enrolled in the organization."

In reply to the charge that strikes are more frequent here since the advent of the union, Mr. Mitchell said that even if that was true it would only be natural, as the men have the feeling of strength that comes from union, yet are under no obligation to refrain from sudden strikes, such as would be the case if they were working under an explicit agreement.

"If the operators formally recognize the union," Mr. Mitchell said, "and the men understood that their officers were to act for them in dealing with the operators there would be an end to these sudden and petty strikes, that are alleged to be more frequent now than ever before."

Mr. Mitchell would not express an opinion as to what the convention would do in case the operators do not agree to the conference.

"It is for the men to decide, and I do not want to anticipate their action," he said.

He will leave for Hazleton to-morrow afternoon at 4:25 o'clock.

Tried to Coax a Catamount.

At Haneyville a few days ago 12 year old Lottie Green was going to the barn when she saw what she supposed was a large cat. She tried to coax the animal to her, but the cat crouched on the ground, and made ready for a spring. The child ran to the house and called her sister. Jacob Zinck and T. Rogers were called in, but the animal had left. They examined its tracks and learned that they were those of a catamount. It is supposed that the animal was after chickens.

Queer Actions of a Wrecked Car.

Friday night while a freight train was passing through Tyrone a box car loaded with coal left the tracks and plunged into the side of a house owned by a widow lady named Ridder, and occupied by Wm. Hample, who is a brother-in-law of Charles F. Kane, of this city. The house was badly damaged but no one was hurt. The part of the house demolished by the car was used as the kitchen.—Lock Haven Democrat.

Strange Phenomenon.

PALERMO, Sicily, March 12.—A strange phenomenon is now witnessed here. Ever since Sunday night a heavy red cloud has extended over the city, the sky being a deep red. The rain now falling resembles drops of coagulated blood.

This phenomenon, which is called "bloody rain," is attributed to dust from the African deserts, transported by the heavy south wind now blowing.

—The Huntingdon "Globe" says: While a number of our citizens were quietly regaling themselves over a keg of beer in a room on Penn street, a few evenings ago, two persons neatly attired as females appeared and began to smash things with their little hatchets. The members of the party were badly scared, especially so when Mayor Brewster and Detective Westbrook appeared on the scene and told the "women" to pitch in, which they did with a vengeance. The participants at the little picnic scattered to the four winds of the earth and did not recover their peace of mind until the next day, when they ascertained what they thought had been an actual raid was nothing more or less than a joke perpetrated by friends.

The United Evangelical Conference.

The United Evangelical ministers at Red Lion have decided to hold their annual conference in Lock Haven next month.

Changes in boundaries in this immediate section were effected as follows: Heela appointment was taken from the Howard charge and added to the Nittany charge. Grace church was detached from Williamsport circuit and constituted a mission known as Grace mission. Renovo was taken up as a mission to be supplied. Rev. H. W. Currin and H. W. Shaffer, of Lock Haven were elected members of the board of education.

Bishop Standford urged the conference to remove Central Penna. college from New Berlin to a more suitable location at once.

The committee on ways and means recommended the following: That the sale of the Nittany valley circuit parsonage be ratified; that the sale of Mackeyville church be referred to the presiding elder of the district and preacher in charge."

The conference devoted Tuesday to church extension, memorial services and the K. L. C. E. rally. The managing board of the church extension society was authorized to purchase the Presbyterian church offered at Mifflinburg. The matter of the erection of a parsonage at Altoona was referred to the managing board and the trustees of Altoona mission for favorable consideration. Various members of conference paid eloquent tributes to active workers who died during the past year. Conference held a session Monday night so as to dispose of business to allow of a final adjournment Tuesday.

The report on the Twentieth century thank offering fund aroused considerable enthusiasm. This movement was started about two years ago, and the collections to date are as follows: York district, $24,594.83; Carlisle district, $12,945.04; Centre district, $16,637.02; Lewisburg district, $19,278.52; collected by Rev. W. E. Detweiler for endowment fund, $7,544.34; grand total, $106,174.57.

Tuesday morning the conference adjourned after announcing their appointments. Those for this district are as follows:

Centre District—S. P. Reemer, presiding elder, Altoona; J. A. Hollenbaugh; Bellwood, C. F. Garrett; Milesburg, P. A. Smith; Bellefonte, W. H. Brown; Howard, I. N. Bair; Nittany, J. A. Foss; Sugar Valley, L. Dice; Rebersburg, N. J. Dube; Centre Hall, J. F. Shultz; Spring Mills, S. E. Koontz; Millheim, H. W. Buck; Millmont, J. M. Price; Mifflinburg, C. C. Mizener; Buffalo, A. S. Baumgardner; New Berlin, W. N. Wallis; Centerville, S. Aurand; Middleburg, J. Shambach; McClure, A. D. Gramley; Port Trevorton, H. T. Searle; Lewistown, C. H. Goodling; Patterson, J. Womeldorf; Professor A. E. Goble, president of Central Pennsylvania college; R. E. Wilson and C. W. Guinter, members of New Berlin; S. E. Davis, member of Port Trevorton, and J. Joseph, member of Lewistown Quarterly Conference.

STEAM SAW MILL BLOWN UP

The Boiler Exploded and Three Men Injured Near Rebersburg.

The boiler in the steam saw mill of Albert Douty, a mile and a half east of Rebersburg, exploded Tuesday morning between 7 and 8 o'clock, and three men were badly injured.

Henry Wolfort was scalded on the left side of his face, a gash cut near his left temple and his thigh badly fractured. He is in a critical condition and his recovery is doubtful.

Warren Bierly had his right arm badly bruised and is badly scalded about the face. He will recover.

Reuben Musser had his leg badly bruised but is not seriously injured.

The men were all employes and were just about to commence work for the day when the explosion occurred.

The injured men were taken to the nearest house, where they were attended by Dr. Bright, of Rebersburg. The mill was a portable structure and is reported to have been completely wrecked by the flying pieces of the boiler and the force of the explosion.

—Patrick Devine aged about 61 years, died at his home in Allegheny City, Sunday March 3rd, after an illness of 4 days with pneumonia. Funeral the following Wednesday from the Pro-Cathedral. Interment at Pittsburg. Deceased was a son of the late Peter and Susan Devine, and was well known in Bellefonte where much of his early life was spent. He is survived by 7 children, Mrs. Jno. Guise and Rose Devine, of Salina, Kan.; Joseph John, Wm., Frank and Edward, of Pittsburg. His wife having preceded him to the grave several years ago.

—James Wyble, of Howard, has been granted a pension of $12 a month.

KEPT TALLY ON FIBS.

THE ASTONISHING RESULT OF ONLY ONE DAY OF COUNTING.

An Investigator's Discovery of What an Enormous Bouquet of the Flowers of Fable Adorns the Daily Speech of the Average Mortal.

"Do you know that the average American is a hopeless and incorrigible and unmitigated liar?" said an amateur cynic of Baronne street. "I don't mean he lies viciously, but suave mendacity glides off the end of his tongue as easily as molasses flows from a spigot on a warm day in summer. He does it unconsciously, habitually, automatically—just as his lungs expand and his heart palpitates and his hair grows, without any special attention from the rest of his system. He does it because he can't help it. The thing has become a second nature.

"I had all this brought home to me," continued the amateur cynic, "by a very simple little experiment which I tried on myself and a few others no longer ago than yesterday morning. Did you ever see a pocket counting machine? Well, it's a little device shaped like a watch. Whenever you press the stem the needle on the dial jumps a point, and it registers in that way up to several thousand on the principle of a cyclometer. They are used by anybody making long counts and are very handy, because they never forget where they leave off.

"But, to come to the point, something happened to remind me of our national vice of untruthfulness as I was getting up yesterday, and I determined to 'keep tab' on myself and ascertain, if possible, how many actual, out and out lies I put into circulation in the course of the day. I chanced to have one of the little counting machines I have just mentioned, so I slipped it into my pocket and started out.

"The first lie I told was right at the door. Smithson was passing and stopped to shake hands. 'Hello, old man!' said I. 'Delighted to see you,' when as a matter of fact I was deuced sorry to see him, because I owe him ten. I gave the counter a squeeze and hurried on, but before I got to the office I had jogged it nine times.

"What did I jog it for, did you ask? Oh, trivialities, mere trivialities, but at the same time point blank lies, every one of 'em. Whenever I opened my mouth out dropped some confounded hyperbole. I told Jones the joke he insisted in springing on me was the 'best I ever heard' and then made a double tally in assuring his wife she was looking remarkably well when she was looking exactly like a scarecrow. I told another friend I never laughed so much in my life as I had at something or other. I don't remember now what, and still another that I hadn't slept a wink for three nights when I had neuralgia lately—all lies, bald lies, in spite of their harmlessness.

"When I reached the office and looked at the dial, I was [illegible] 'Good heavens!' I said to myself. 'It seems to be physically impossible for me to speak the plain truth in the paltriest matters. I'll just remain perfectly quiet for half an hour and keep check on Boggs.'

"Boggs is our head bookkeeper and a pillar in one of the suburban churches," continued the amateur cynic. "He wears rubber overshoes in wet weather, cultivates sandy side whiskers, carries a gingham umbrella, belongs to a building and loan association and has all the other marks of severe respectability. I had supposed him to be the quintessence of cast iron veracity, but when I sat down in cold blood to put him on record I was astounded at the blase fashion with which he frivoled with the truth. I pushed the button on him 15 times in 27 minutes; then he got into a whispered conversation with a caller, and I lost the thread of his remarks. But I am certain if I had been in earshot the counter would have had hard work keeping up with the procession.

"That relieved my mind somewhat, and later on, when I made a quiet test of several of the other fellows in the office, I came to the conclusion that I was no worse than the average, but the average was pretty tough. As far as my investigations went, the invoice clerk held the record. He is a guileless sort of chap, with modest manners and a freckled nose, and I never supposed he had any imagination concealed in his peg topped cranium, but he forced me to push the indicator up exactly 22 times in 15 minutes. During the last part of the stretch, however, he was trying to trade off a secondhand bicycle, and that naturally swelled the returns.

"Of course I soon realized that the idea of keeping count on my own mendacity was entirely impractical and abandoned the effort, but the other data has furnished me with abundant food for thought. My brother-in-law, by the way, insists that we would make a great mistake in trying to weed these flowers of fable out of our daily speech. He says we lie continually and systematically because everybody else lies, and a man who would start out to tell the plain, cold, raw, rectangular truth about everything in life would be little better than an anarchist. He would upset all established standards of value and make it necessary almost to recast the language. Besides, nobody would believe him. But my brother-in-law is a doctor," added the amateur cynic thoughtfully, "and maybe that makes a difference."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Chinese Era.

The "Chinese era" begins B. C. 2697, with the accession of the Emperor Yao, who first devised a calendar for the Chinese dividing the year into 365 days with an extra day every fourth year.

SARAH AND THE "INDIANS."

Bernhardt Played Fedora For Them at 35 Cents a Head.

Sarah Bernhardt, the great French actress, once played in Sullivan, Ind., at 35 cents a head.

It was many years ago, and Bernhardt was making a tour of the country. On the way from Louisville to Indianapolis the train was stopped at Sullivan by the news that a serious freight wreck had occurred a few miles up the road completely blocking the tracks and making progress to Indianapolis impossible until the next day.

"Very well," said the manager in excellent French and with forced calmness. "Since we cannot leave town we will give a performance here."

"Impossible," said Mme. Bernhardt, also in French. "Quite impossible."

"Not a bit," said the manager, and he went about it. The divine Bernhardt, being under contract to play a certain number of nights, was induced to consent. There was no "opera house" in Sullivan, but the Masonic hall was rented, and some of the scenery was crowded into it. The local job office got out a lot of handbills in a hurry, and messengers were dispatched to the adjoining towns to spread the glad news that Bernhardt, the divine Sarah, was to play in Sullivan that night and that admission would be 35 cents.

"No use trying to charge metropolitan prices here," said the manager to the treasurer, and that gentleman sighed and said he supposed not.

In the early evening there began to come into town long lines of green farmer wagons, each holding a family party. When the house was full, the great Bernhardt cautiously took a peep at it from behind the flimsy curtain.

"Mon Dieu!" she cried, raising her jeweled hands. "Look at the Indians!"

But she played Fedora for them, and she played until 11 o'clock.—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

HE USED THE SALT TEST.

An Old Apache Chief's Knowledge of the Human System.

In the early days of Union Pacific railroading Victoria, Nana and Geronimo, the three chiefs of the Arizona Apaches, with 100 of their best bucks, came through to Green River, Wy.

They had heard of the "heap wagon and no hoss" and had come to stop the train. They made a lasso of rawhide, and 50 men on each side held on to the rope as the freight came down the Wasatch divide. The engineer saw when several miles away what the Indians were up to, so he whistled "off brakes" and, opening his throttle, let her loose. The cowcatcher struck the rope and hurled the Indians in all directions, literally tearing them to pieces, headless, armless and legless. The three chiefs went south to their cactus plains very crestfallen.

Before they selected these men the old Chief Victoria had them all eat a piece of rock salt about as big as a pecan, run swiftly about 100 yards, sit down on a log or rock and cross their legs. Then he watched the vibration of the feet, which were crossed. The feet which vibrated the longest or had the longest strokes he declined to accept for a severe duty or a dangerous trip or for one that was at all hazardous, but he accepted the feet which vibrated short, distinct and regular strokes.

Now, what did the old chief know about pulsation of the arterial system or of heart action and indeed about salt in the system? I have lived near to Indian reservations and have had occasion often to survey over their lands for railroads and other objects, and I have wondered where old Victoria got his idea. Is not the child of the sagebrush plains better posted than his paleface brother?—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Love Letter of Prince Bismarck.

"On my window sill, among all sorts of crocuses and hyacinths, stand two camellias which always inspire me with strange thoughts. One of them, slender and pretty, with its ornamental crown (top) and soft, pale—very pale—pink blossoms, but little foliage and only two buds, transports me to Reddetin, holds itself rather stiffly and lisps English. The other makes far less impression of beauty as you look at it, and its stalk betrays in its gnarled twisting lack of care in its pruning. From the midst of the foliage looks out a dead branch, but the crown is rich in leaves, and the foliage is greener than that of its neighbor. It gives promise of abundant blossoming in its eight buds, and its color is deep dark red and white in irregular gay variegation. Do you take the comparison amiss? It is a lame comparison, moreover, for I do not love camellias, because they are without odor, and you I love precisely on account of the fragrance of the flower of your spirit, which is white, dark red and black."

Here is a picture of the Man of Iron with his armor doffed.—Harper's Magazine.

Luck and Pluck.

Two clerks named Thomas and Clarence were in the employ of a wealthy merchant. Thomas was always an industrious lad, but Clarence was much given to frivolity and was extravagant in his habits. In after years Clarence married his employer's daughter and was made a partner in the business. Thomas continued to be an honest, industrious clerk all his life, and his services were much appreciated by Clarence and his father-in-law.

Moral.—There is no royal road to success.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Not Fatal.

Willie—I think I could die listening to Miss Triller sing.

Cy Nick—Oh, you may feel like dying, but you'll pull through. I've been through it often.—Ohio State Journal.

HE CURSED THE TOWN

END OF THE FIRST CAPITAL OF ILLINOIS PROPHESIED BY AN INDIAN.

The Destruction of the Town of Kaskaskia Was In Accordance With the Last Words of the Chief Who Died For a Woman's Love.

Since the waters of the Mississippi river washed away the last vestige of Kaskaskia, the first capital of Illinois, an old legend that contained the prophecy of the total destruction of the once flourishing little city has been recalled. Kaskaskia was situated on a peninsula at the junction of the Kaskaskia and the Mississippi rivers, and in 1882 the Mississippi river cut its way through the peninsula, leaving the remnant of the town on an island. The water continued to wash away the rich alluvial deposits on which Kaskaskia was built until, late in 1900, the last foot of the land where the town once stood disappeared. This singular ending of Kaskaskia's once splendid ambitions has recalled to the superstitious the story that the town was cursed in the eighteenth century by an Indian who had been wronged by one of the leading citizens.

Jean Benard came to this country from France in 1698, bringing with him his wife and his 10-year-old daughter Marie. The family settled in Kaskaskia, where Benard established a merchandising business. The Frenchman soon became one of the most prosperous and most influential men of the town. Marie, his daughter, grew to be a beautiful woman, much courted by the most eligible young men of the new country. She was in no hurry to accept any of them, and her fame as a belle spread from Lake Michigan to the gulf of Mexico.

A young chief of the Kaskaskia tribe of Indians, having become converted to Christianity after several years of study under the tutelage of the Jesuits, built himself a house in Kaskaskia and was taken into partnership in one of the trading houses there. He was prosperous, handsome and well educated and was soon received into the homes of the white settlers. One night at a ball he happened to meet Marie Benard.

The girl was at once fascinated by the tall, fine looking Indian, who fell in love with her at first sight and made no secret of his admiration. But Benard pere soon noticed the attachment and forbade his daughter from communicating with the young Indian. To make sure that there would be no more meetings Benard used his influence to prevent the chief from attending any of the social entertainments given in Kaskaskia.

But love always finds a way, and the young couple managed to see each other despite all the precautions of the girl's father. But Benard became aware of these meetings and again took means to prevent them. He was a man of wealth and influence, and he had the Indian forced out of his partnership in the trading company.

The Indian left Kaskaskia. For almost a year nothing was heard of him, and Benard thought that his daughter had forgotten her lover, for she appeared gay and careless, and she accepted with apparent pleasure the attentions of a young Frenchman. One night when a large ball at Kaskaskia was at its height Marie Benard disappeared.

Those who searched for Marie discovered that the young chief of the Kaskaskians had been seen that evening in the town, and the conclusion was at once reached that the girl had eloped with him. Benard at once organized a party to go in pursuit of the fugitives. As there was a heavy snow on the ground, their trail was easily discovered and followed. The Indian and Marie had crept away afoot, and as their pursuers were supplied with fast horses the young lovers were captured after a day's chase about 40 miles from Kaskaskia. Their destination had been the French settlement at St. Louis, where the Indian had provided a home for his wife.

The Indian surrendered without resistance, and the posse started on the journey back to Kaskaskia, taking the two captives. Most of the men who composed Benard's party wanted to kill the Indian instantly, but Benard would not allow it, for he said that they should leave him to deal with his daughter's lover.

When the party reached Kaskaskia, the girl was placed in the convent there. Then Benard took the Indian to the bank of the Mississippi and, binding him tightly to a log, turned him adrift in the river. As the helpless Indian floated away to his death he raised his eyes to heaven and cursed Benard, who, he declared, would die a violent death. The Indian's last words were a prophecy that within 200 years the waters which were then bearing him away would sweep from the earth every vestige of the town, so that only the name would be left.

The unhappy girl died in the convent. Benard was killed in 1712 in a duel. The last trace of Kaskaskia has been obliterated, and the superstitious declare that the Indian's curse has had something to do with the passing of the once flourishing town. On dark and stormy nights the ghost of the Indian is said to appear. The specter, with strong arms bound and face upturned, floats slowly by on the river where the stream sweeps by the site of the vanished city in which Marie Benard once lived and in which she died mourning the red man that she loved.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

He Knew Better.

"Oh, John," she cried, "baby's cut a tooth!"

"Aw, go 'way!" broke in little Willie, who was playing on the floor. "You can't cut a tooth! You may break it, but you can't cut it!"—Chicago Post.

A MOUNTAIN LAKE.

Oh, limpid listener, in your placid soul
Are mingled all the songs that brooks have sung
When years and years, the shaggy hills among,
They babbled of their trials, with foamy tears,
Until, all wearied, having reached their goal,
You softly soothed their sorrows and their fears.

Like sentinels the stolid mountains stand
About you, dres't in garb of gorgeous green;
At early dawn their mirrored shapes are seen
In shimmering outline, painted by the sun,
Upon your face, athwart the gleaming sand,
Nor fade from view until the day is done.

A fitting figure of eternal rest
You typify the changeless fate of man
When, having coursed mortality's brief span
Adown the hills of Time, his life shall end,
And all his doings, be they banned or blest,
Forevermore, with other deeds, shall blend.

—John A Foote in Rosary Magazine.

BUSINESS OF THE SOAKER.

An Expert In Pawnbroking Who Has His Regular Customers.

In the neighborhood where pawnshops abound the soaker flourishes. The soaker acts as middleman between the pawnbroker and his customers. He explains his mission and accounts for his usefulness thus:

"The people down here employ me," said he, "not because they are ashamed to be seen going into a pawnshop themselves, but because I can get more for the goods than they can. There's an art in pawning a coat or a ring, just the same as in everything else.

"I've known people to go into a pawnshop with some old article to pawn and to look the proprietor over with a supercilious air, as if they considered themselves so far above him socially that he couldn't touch them with a 40 foot pole. Naturally, for sheer spite, the broker offers them only about half as much as they would get if they approached him properly. Having had a wide experience of my own, I know how to avoid such difficulties. I am not servile, but I am polite and respectful, and as those two qualities touch the most generous chord in the broker's bosom I get all I want on the proffered chattels.

"As recompense for my services I charge my customers 10 per cent commission. I have regular customers, and then, of course, I do many odd jobs for occasionals. There are families down here for whom I pawn the same things over and over again, one week after the other. On pay day they take their things out of soak. Three days later they put them in again, and the next pay day they take them out again. And so it goes, month after month. I canvass the houses just like a book agent or corn plaster peddler or insurance solicitor.

"'Anything to be pawned today?' I ask.

"And if there is I take it around to some shop and raise the necessary dough and take it back and get my commission. Once in awhile I come across somebody who abuses me and calls me a shark, but I'm nothing of the sort. I'm earning a decent living at a legitimate business."—New York Sun.

A Point at Issue.

Several of the lawyers had told their stories, some of which ridiculed the continued use of legal verbiage and the absurd lengths to which members of the profession sometimes go in taking advantage of technicalities.

"A rank outsider," announced the member of the profession who had been a good listener, "a client of mine, supplied the best instance of literal interpretation that ever came to my knowledge. He was executor under a will that, among other provisions, required the payment of an annuity to a venerable aunt of the testator. But proof of her being alive must be made before each payment, and this is the rock on which the executor struck.

"The old lady proved herself in the flesh, drew her money and went to California, where she spent two years without putting in her claim. On her return she went in person and demanded the double allowance due her.

"The conscientious executor got out the will, studied it, scratched his head and finally handed down his opinion:

"'Madam, you are alive now. There can be no reasonable question as to that, for I have the conclusive evidence of my own eyes. But I am possessed of no legal proof that you were alive a year ago. I am, as you know, within the restrictions of the will. I will pay the annuity for this year, but must insist upon satisfactory affidavits that you were not dead when the preceding annuity was passed.'

"It took me the better part of a day to convince him that he should settle in full."—Detroit Free Press.

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The Comfort of hot soda

Have you tried it? More genuine comfort and refreshment, we think, in hot soda than in cold. Hot soda warms, rests, stimulates and strengthens you. It can do nothing but good and nothing else can do this so well. Learn to drop in when in our vicinity and rest and refresh yourself at our hot soda fountain.

Green's Pharmacy
Bush House Block,
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Generous.

"What's your fare?" asked old Flintskin of his cabby the other day and was met with the stereotyped reply:

"Well, sir, I will leave that to you."

"Thank you; you're very kind," said old F., buttoning up his pockets and walking off. "You're the first person who ever left me anything yet."—London Fun.

Bicycles are generally considered very modern inventions, but some of the Egyptian obelisks bear figures mounted on two wheeled vehicles resembling the old velocipedes.

Neuralgia.

The Prayer of a Nerve for More Blood.

Neuralgia may attack any part of the body but most frequently occurs where the nerves are most abundant.

In the head,
In the face.
Sometimes the heart nerves seem to twist
Twinging rheumatic pains of the extremities
Sharp and intense at times
In the intervals dull and heavy.

Neuralgia is the result of impoverished blood caused by impairment of the nerves—a lack of nerve force.

It is a disease of the nerve centers, and the pains accompanying it are a prayer for better nourishment. They are the danger signals which warn you against a total collapse of the nervous system.

Liniments and all external applications can only give temporary relief. Permanent cure cannot possibly come until the nerve centers are thoroughly revitalized and reinvigorated by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. The beneficial effects of this great nerve restorative are felt thrilling through the nerve fibres as week by week and month by month the nerve force of the body is restored. Women afflicted with diseases peculiar to their sex are frequently great sufferers from neuralgia. Dr. Chase's Nerve Pills positively cures both these disorders by filling the nervous system with new vigor and life. 50 cents a box at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. The genuine has portrait and signature of Dr. A. W Chase on each package.

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YOUNG WOMEN are admitted to all courses on the same terms as Young Men.

The FALL SESSION opens September 12, 1900.

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THE REGISTRAR,
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FOREIGN MISSION.

Twenty-Sixth Annual Meeting of the Huntingdon Presbyterial Society

IN TYRONE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Reports of Work of Society During the Past Year—Some Very Helpful Papers Read and Addresses Delivered.

A NUMBER OF DELEGATES THERE

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the presbytery of Huntingdon met in the First Presbyterian church, of Tyrone, March 6 and 7. A large number of delegates were present at the first session, Wednesday afternoon. The devotional service was conducted by the president, Miss S. R. Lowrie, of Warriorsmark. In a few earnest words the love, prayer and purpose of God were portrayed. Scripture selections, singing and fervent prayers completed a very impressive service.

Some who were to take part being detained by a late train, the order of exercise was changed and the regular meeting opened by the reading of the minutes of the last meeting by the secretary, Mrs. M. H. Wilson, of Bellefonte, followed by roll call of officers and roll call of auxiliaries. The address of welcome by Mrs. A. J. Weisley was given most earnestly, and the response by Mrs. J. M. Dorris expressed the gladness of all the delegates on this happy occasion and the deep importance of the work they were assembled to consider. After singing, the secretaries of young people's work, Misses Fisher and Speer, of Huntingdon, took charge of the meeting for the young people's hour. A very interesting report was read by Miss Fisher, who told of gratifying advance during the year. Conference was conducted by Mrs. E. Boyd Weitzel, of Philadelphia, one of the secretaries of young people's work at headquarters. Helpful words were spoken by Miss Speer. Miss Grace Woolcock, of Birmingham, gave an account of band work in her home church. Mrs. Weitzel urged the importance of the missionary committee, the missionary library, leaflets and magazines. Different methods of raising money for missions were discussed. An interesting paper on "The Value and Duty of Prayer for Our Missionaries" was read by Mrs. Taylor, of Huntingdon. A solo by Miss Rachel Miller, of Huntingdon, "Just for To-day," gave great pleasure.

Miss Miliken closed her most interesting address with an earnest appeal for more workers in this promising field.

After singing Mrs. Weltzel spoke on "Our Syrian Day Schools." She has recently made an extended tour through Palestine and Syria in the interests of the work.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Wednesday evening the spacious auditorium of the First church was filled to overflowing for the popular rally. A beautiful anthem, "Praise the Lord," was delightfully rendered by the choir. The Scripture lesson, Hebrews xi, was read by Rev. H. H. Henry, of Birmingham, then singing 671 from the hymnal, and prayer by the Rev. L. M. Lewis, of Arch Springs. A male quartette rendered one of Faber's lovely songs, "I am the Shepherd true." Rev. A. J. Weisley, pastor of the church, with a few earnest words expressing his deep interest in the work, introduced the speaker of the evening, Rev. C. H. Fenn, of Peking.

Rev. Fenn is a missionary in China and spoke of the work there. He was one of the little band who were imprisoned in Pekin during the long seige.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Convention opened at 9 o'clock with devotional exercises, singing "Holy, Holy, Holy!" Prayer and scripture lesson by Mrs. Hemphill, of Hollidaysburg. Minutes read by the secretary, Mrs. Wilson, who also read her report for the year's work. Roll call with reports of vice presidents brought out many helpful suggestions and gave promise of better work in the future. The report of Miss S. D. Morrow, treasurer, showed the contributions for the year to be $4,190.84, and the contribution Wednesday evening to contingent fund $63.49.

Mrs. Bigler, of Clearfield, read a very interesting paper on "Systematic Giving." We forget that the glory of the Divine is in every branch bearing fruit. Our Father's business is practical as well as spiritual and study of the Scripture reveals clearly the fact that systematic giving is Scriptural giving. We should be as systematic with God as with man. The tenth at least belongs to God; our gifts as prompted by our own judgment should be in addition to that. When the people have a mind to work the work will be well done, that is, systematically done.

A solo, "The Plain of Peace," was delightfully rendered by Mrs. Harris Mann. "Our Literature," by Mrs. F. B. Reed, was an earnest appeal for the use of the excellent leaflets published by the board, and the magazines, "Woman's Work" and "Over Sea and Land." After announcements by Mrs. Sample on behalf of the local committee the morning session closed with the long metre doxology.

Thursday afternoon's session of the Huntingdon Presbytery Society at Tyrone opened with devotional exercises led by Miss Sue Campbell.

The annual letter of the corresponding secretary Miss C. W. Stewart was then read and proved as usual very interesting. Mrs. H. H. Henry, of Birmingham read a paper entitled "You Know; Do They?"

By request Mrs. Wigton read a paper on "Self Denial Week," which contained much homely truth in homely guise. This was followed by a duet by Mrs. Harris Mann and Mrs. Joseph Mann, "How Sweet the name of Jesus Sounds," which was listened to with pleasure.

Miss Milliken, of Japan, the next speaker was introduced by the president as one of the answers to the prayers of our beloved Mrs. Orbison. This was followed by a prayer of consecration by Mrs. Hepler, of Lemont. Mrs. Van Valzah reported Lewistown as the next place of meeting.

Mrs. Harris then read the resolutions which were quite lengthy.

Mrs. Lewis, of Sinking Valley, chairman of the nominating committee, reported the re-election of all the officers, with the addition of Miss Grace Burket, of Arch Springs, as a vice president, as follows:

President, Miss S. R. Lowrie, Warriorsmark.

Vice President at Large, Mrs. N. D. Orbison, Bellefonte.

Vice Presidents, Mrs. J. M. Dorris, Huntingdon; Mrs. James Harris, Bellefonte; Mrs. R. H. Shaw, Clearfield; Mrs. John I. Thompson, Lemont; Mrs. Wm. H. Woods, Huntingdon; Mrs. S. M. Ross, Altoona; Miss Annie M. Irvine, Hollidaysburg; Mrs. H. M. Baldridge, Hollidaysburg; Mrs. J. C. Kelley, Williamsburg; Miss Sue F. Campbell, Rock Springs; Mrs. E. F. Kerr, Bedford; Mrs. J. M. Waddell, Clearfield; Mrs. S. R. Barclay, Altoona; Miss Grace Burket, Sinking Valley.

Recording Secretary, Mrs. M. H. Wilson, Bellefonte.

Corresponding Secretary, Miss C. W. Stewart, Spruce Creek.

Secretaries of Young People's societies and bands, Miss Anna Fisher and Miss Mary C. Speer, Huntingdon.

Secretary of Literature, Mrs. F. B. Reed, Clearfield.

Treasurer, Miss S. D. Morrow, Tyrone.

Miss Lowrie thanked the convention for this new pledge of confidence and exhorted to new zeal and consecration. After singing "From all that dwell below the skies" the convention was closed with prayer and benediction by the pastor, Rev. A. J. Weisley.

Montgomery Man Suicides.

Peter B. Berger, Sr., of Montgomery, was found hanging from the headboard of his bed Tuesday morning. It is believed that he hung himself Sunday. Berger was a newspaper correspondent, and at one time had been wealthy, but owing to dissipation he became poverty stricken. He left a note on which was written:

"My last will and testament are in my Bible, and my books are on the small table. I have committed suicide."

—W Reynolds Shope, of this place, recently purchased 100 acres of fine timber land near Loveville, this county.

TREACHERY

A persistent cough is at first a friend, for it gives warning of the approach of a deadly enemy. Heed the warning before it is too late, before your lungs become inflamed, before the doctor says, "Consumption." When the danger signal first appears, help nature with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Don't delay until your lungs are sore and your cold settled down deep in your chest. Kill the enemy before the deadly blow kills you. Cure your cough today.

One dose brings relief. A few doses make the cure complete.

Three sizes: 25c. for an ordinary cold; 50c. for the harder colds; $1.00 the most economical for older cases.

"I consider your Cherry Pectoral the best remedy for colds and coughs and all throat affections. I have used it for 30 years and it certainly beats them all."
D. R. LUMNEY.
Dec. 20, 1899. Union, N. Y.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

THE TRIENNIAL ASSESSMENT.

Valuations in Centre County Have Dropped $280,000 Since 1898.

The following is the result of the Triennial Assessment as returned to the Commissioners Office, by the assessors of the county. It will be observed that we give only the totals, also for the sake of comparison the totals on the same items as published 3 years ago. The commissioners formerly published the entire assessment, giving the amount of each district in a complete tabulated form. This year they have concluded not to publish it as they deem it an unnecessary expense. In some counties of the state the tabulated return showing the Triennial Assessment is never published while others for many years have done so, The law does not make it obligatory:

	1901	1897
No. of taxables	14,867	
Cleared land, No. of acres	295,287	197,712
Timber land, No. of acres	141,587	142,253
Value of real estate exempt from taxation	$1,681,125	1,616,620
Value of all real estate taxable	$10,586,303	10 853,380
No. of horses and mules	7,849	7,990
Value of same	302,155	294 424
No of neat cattle over 4 years old	7,027	7,265
Value of same	116,398	119,681
Value of salaries and occupations	466,263	483,986
Aggregate value of all tax able property for county purposes	11,471,124	11,751,471
Amount of money at Int...	2,604,379	2,619,197
Value of stages, omnibuses, etc	3,943	3,560
No. of male dogs	3,089	
No. of female dogs	155	

From this table it will be noticed that the aggregate value of all property taxable for county purposes has declined in the past 3 years $280,347, according to the return of the assessors. The bulk of this decline is on the valuation of real estate where it amounts to $267,077, while on the balance of property it was only $13,270. The commissioners think this is due to the zeal of some of the assessors in certain districts who cut valuations largely for the purpose of winning favor with their home people. In matters of this kind the County Commissioners sit as a board of revision and hold regular appeals where the valuations of property are often readjusted so that the different individuals and districts, as well, will be equalized as nearly as possible. Such a thing as an equal and satisfactory assessment will never be reached, as everybody is anxious to have their valuations as low as possible and thus pay as small amount of taxes as possible.

When the valuations are reduced as this year the commissioners have either to raise them to a former total, or increase the amount of millage. The latter will not likely occur as the revision will bring many properties up to the standard.

Strikes A Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster. N. H., "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by F. Potts Greens Druggists.

Profitable Farming in Alaska.

Governor Brady, of Alaska, and other persons familiar with the general features and natural resources of the northernmost possession of the United States have frequently asserted that its soil and climate are far more amenable to the processes of a high civilization than is generally supposed, and have predicted that the time would come when Alaska would be the home of a large and prosperous agricultural population. Official confirmation of these views is furnished in a report just made by a special agent of the United States Agricultural Department, who has had charge of an agricultural experiment station in Alaska. He thinks that the territory will ultimately be as promising a field of agriculture and stock-raising as it is now for mining. The results of experiments extending over two years have established beyond a doubt, he says, that such staple products as flax, wheat, oats, rye and barley can be grown with success and profit in almost every part of Alaska. Thus one after another of the old arguments against the purchase of "Seward's folly" are made to give way in the light of the facts.

A Horrible Outbreak.

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25 cents at F. Potts Greens Drug store.

Examining Broken Back.

Dr. Dumm returned to Mackeyville Thursday morning from Philadelphia, to which city he had taken Herman Transue, the man with the broken back, of Porter township. Dr. Dumm reports that Dr. White made a personal examination of Mr. Transue's injury at the University hospital. He is inclined to think that the spinal cord is torn out, and there is little hope for the man. He, however, reserves giving a final opinion until after other specialists have made X-ray examinations. It is the intention to take X-ray views of the injury while Mr. Transue is in different positions. It will require about a week's time to complete the examinations.

Cheap Insurance.

Many a man has been insured against Bright's disease, diabetes, or other dangerous ailment by a fifty cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure. All Druggists.

"I wrote Dr. Pierce regarding my case, and received a prompt reply, free."

"I endured nearly four years of suffering," writes Mrs. J. L. Myers, of Washington, W. Va., "caused principally from improper medical attention after the birth of a child, and female weakness, resulting in a complication of diseases. Had a terrible cough and an incessant pain and soreness in lungs. Was reduced in flesh from 184 pounds to about 100 pounds in eighteen months. I had no appetite, and became so weak and nervous I could scarcely sit up. I doctored with our home physicians for two years with no benefit, I was finally induced to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I wrote to Doctor Pierce regarding my case, and received a prompt reply, free, advising the proper medicines for my case. After taking four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and four of his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' three doses each day, also taking one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Compound Extract of Smart-Weed and some of his 'Pellets,' I ceased coughing, and am *now enjoying splendid health and have gained thirty-five pounds in weight.* I again feel like my former self, thanks to Dr. Pierce and his great medicines."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter FREE. All correspondence sacredly confidential and all womanly confidences guarded by strict professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ALLEN—PANGBORN.

An Interesting Trial at Williamsport.

The Allen-Pangborn case was tried last week in the courts of Williamsport. The case is one in which Mrs. Louise Perrine, of Plainfield, sues to recover the estate of W. S. Allen, of Williamsport, which is estimated to be worth $40,000, the bulk of which is real estate in the heart of that city. Mrs. Perrine alleges that she is the daughter of Allen, he having, under the name of Pangborn, married Miss Sarah Giles, afterward her mother, at Plainfield in 1863.

Wednesday when the plaintiffs closed their side of the case they were satisfied that they had apparently established the fact that Stephen Pangborn, of Plainfield, N. J., and W. S. Allen, of Williamsport, were the same person, and that Mrs. Louise M. Perrine was the lawful child and heir of Allen or Pangborn.

An important witness for the defense was O. J. Travis, of that city, whose testimony tended to establish the fact that Allen came to Williamsport before the time that the plaintiff alleges Pangborn deserted his wife in New Jersey. The defense introduced evidence tending to rebut the presumption of Pangborn and Sarah Giles having been legally married.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON.
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Funeral of David Bartley.

The funeral of the late David Bartley took place Thursday afternoon. Short services were held at his late residence at 2:30 o'clock after which the remains were taken to St. John's Protestant Episcopal church where appropriate services were conducted by the rector, Rev. George Israel Brown. The deceased was buried with the honors of war. Gregg Post No. 95 G. A. R., attended the funeral in a body. Many beautiful floral tributes were received and the National flag enveloped the casket,

The pall-bearers were selected from his comrades in Gregg Post, John C. Miller, John Noll, S. B. Miller, Gen. John I. Curtin, Amos Garbrick and W. H. Taylor. Interment in Union cemetery.

Proved Priceless.

Ruby coats and cinnamon flavor. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are household favorites. Impurities leave the system. The nerves are toned. The blood is purified. The complexion is bright and ruddy. Headaches vanish and perfect health follows their use. 40 doses 10 cents.—51

Sold by F. Potts Green.

—Edward J. Lucas, who was stricken with an attack of grip about a week ago, but who so far recovered as to be able to be out during the latter part of last week, suffered a relapse Monday and has been confined to his home ever since.

After Lagrippe—What?

Usually a racking cough and a general feeling of weakness. Foley's Honey and Tar is guaranteed to cure the "grippe cough" and make you strong and well. Take no substitute. All Druggists.

THE DRUMHEAD BUSINESS.

A Huge Long Island Industry Which Prospers by War.

Few people know that more than half the banjo and drum heads sold in the United States are made on Long Island. Near the railroad station at Cold Spring is a little red building surrounded by frames, in which skins are stretched for drying, while near by is an artificial pond, with wooden sides and bottom, filled with a chemical mixture. It is an unpretentious establishment, but in our two wars and in the peace between it has fathered a great deal of noise. The business was established in 1860, and success was almost immediate. Competition was strong after the rush of war orders was over, but the business has advanced in importance until now there are but three factories in this country whose opposition can be felt. Two of these are in Brooklyn and the other at High View, N. Y.

New York markets furnish the salted raw skins from which the drumheads are made. The hair is removed from the skins by a chemical bath in the artificial pond, and the skins are then stretched on the racks and dried. A thorough scraping removes any particles of fat or flesh that may have adhered to the dried skin, which is then the thickness of parchment. The skins are thoroughly bleached in the drying process and are then ready for cutting into heads. During the Spanish-American war the factory was fairly swamped with orders for drumheads, 500 dozen heads often being ordered at one time. The principal demand was for the "tenor" drum, on which a loud accompaniment to the fife or bass instrument can be produced.

Kangaroo skins make the costliest drumheads. When dressed, they are showy, but beyond their appearance and name they are of no greater value than heads made from calfskin. Sheepskin is used for cheap toy drums.—New York Post.

QUAINT COLONIAL NAMES.

How the Offspring of Our First Colonists Were Christened.

It is an interesting study to trace the underlying reason for many of the curious names which are given to the offspring of the first colonists. Parents searched for names of deep significance—for names appropriate to conditions, for those of profound influence presumably on the child's life.

The Rev. Richard Buck, one of the early parsons in Virginia, in days of deep depression, named his first child Mara. This text indicates the reason for his choice: "Call me Mara, for the Almighty has dealt very bitterly with me. I went out full, and the Lord has brought me home empty." His second child was christened Gershom—for Moses' wife "bare him a son and called his name Gershom, for he said I have been in a strange land."

Many names have a pathos and sadness which can be felt down through the centuries. Dame Dinely, widow of a doctor, or barber surgeon, who had died in the snow while striving to visit a distant patient, named her poor babe Fathergone.

The children of Roger Clapp were named Experience, Waitstill, Preserved, Hopestill, Wait, Thanks, Decide, Unite and Supply. Madam Austin, an early settler of old Narragansett, had 15 children. Their names were Parvis, Picus, Piersus, Prisemus, Polybius, Lois, Lettice, Avis, Anstice, Eunice, Mary, John, Elizabeth, Ruth, Freelove. All lived to be threescore and ten, one to be 102 years old. Edward Bendall's children were named Truegrace, Reform, Hoped For, More Mercy and Restore. Richard Gridley's offspring were Return, Believe and Tremble.—"Child Life In Colonial Days."

French Bakers.

Bakers in France are subject to restrictions and regulations undreamed of in England. In the fortified towns along the frontier they are bound by law to have a certain stock of flour always on hand in case of emergencies. The bakery not only has to be kept clean, but the baker has to deposit with the local authorities a certain sum of money as a surety for the proper conduct of his business.

The law also looks after his weights and measures, which circumstance places him in the same position as the British baker, but in addition the law regulates the price at which bread can be sold.

Napoleon III ordered on one occasion that a loaf about equal to our quartern should be sold for not more than sixpence, and this at a time when we were paying eightpence and ninepence.—London Tit-Bits.

A Sympathetic Memory.

In a western Massachusetts town lives a young woman who is blessed with both discrimination and tact.

The first of these admirable qualities she has displayed by her two marriages. Her first husband was a minister, a most delightful man. He died, and after a lapse of five or six years she was united to his only brother, who was a successful lawyer in New York.

On her library desk stands a picture of the first partner of her joys and sorrows, and one day a curious caller asked whom the photograph represented.

"That," said the hostess, with evident emotion, "is a picture of my husband's brother, who died eight years ago and who was very dear to us both."—Youth's Companion.

—The first consignment of Angora goats, with which Col. W. Fred Reynolds is about to experiment on his farms near Roopsburg, arrived here this morning. They came all the way from Texas and there were 300 in the car. Only two of them died during the trip.

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: over-work and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it—true—but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however; you'll pay for it

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work—you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE
Chemists,
409 Pearl Street,
New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Twenty-nine Degrees Below Zero.

While we have been having zero weather in this section for the last two days, we are not suffering with the cold like the people of Kane. In that place the coldest weather of the year struck that town Tuesday night. Shortly after midnight the thermometer in various places in that vicinity dropped to twenty-nine degrees below zero. At 10 o'clock yesterday morning the mercury registered seventeen degrees below zero. The cold was extremely bitter last night.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Mining Town Burned.

The major portion of Sherwood, a small mining settlement about eight miles from DuBois, was destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. The fire started in a block of six tenement houses, which burned so rapidly that the inmates barely escaped with their lives. The property loss will be considerable, as the settlement comprised thirty houses.

—Dr. John Green Ross died at his home at Williamsburg Tuesday morning from disease incident to old age. He was 95 years old and practiced medicine almost seventy years of his life.

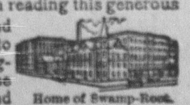
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

UNCLE SAM to Cuba: "If you will be good and do just as I say I will turn you loose."

SOME students of affairs are declaring that they can make nothing out of the Chinese situation. The looters—and the missionaries, if accounts are true—were more successful.

WE haven't heard of the resignation of the head of the Weather Bureau, although he staked his professional reputation that inauguration day in Washington would be sunshiny, and they had rain.

FOR the first time in a half century, the Senate has a presiding officer who will show that the Vice President is not as useless as the fifth wheel of a wagon. Go it, Teddy, the people are with you.

HEREAFTER inaugural committees at Washington will put their trust in the ground-hog, even if he does predict a month ahead, rather than in the Weather Bureau, which can't guess right even twelve hours ahead.

OH, no! politics will not figure in the new Congressional apportionment. It will just "happen" that the districts will be laid out in the interests of the party that controls the Legislature that does the laying.

THERE are at present 160,000 children in Cuba enrolled in the free public schools. If the future of Cuba rests upon the education of its people as it is claimed, there has been a good start made in this direction.

OF course, it had to come. Dreyfus will publish the story of his imprisonment, under the title, "Five Years of My Life." But so many have forgotten his case that the book will not have the large sale it would have had a year or two ago.

THE measure that has been introduced in the House by a Philadelphia representative making voting at the primary and general elections compulsory and imposing a heavy fine for failure to vote without good and sufficient cause has some merit and deserves careful consideration.

A HUNDRED years ago Spain was greater in possessions and population than the United States, but during the century just ended its fortunes were long at an ebb and the flood has been with the United States. Similar changes have gone on in other nations and in other parts of the world. China has had the ebb, Japan has had the flow.

PITTSBURG sustained an irreparable loss in the death of Christopher L. Magee and Pennsylvania, too, mourns the passing of one of her best and foremost citizens. In social, political and business life he was conspicuous for a quarter of a century. His friends and followers were from all walks of life and all classes and all kinds of people lament his untimely demise. He was one man in a thousand, one of nature's noblemen. Truly, death claimed a shining mark when Chris Magee received his final summons.

WHAT IS THE "RIPPER"?

We have received a number of inquiries asking what is meant by the Ripper bills. Here is the answer:

Under the Constitution of 1873 the cities of Pennsylvania were divided into three classes. Philadelphia was and is the only city in the first class; Pittsburg and Allegheny comprised the cities of the second class until within a few years back when the population of Scranton increased so that it was promoted to a city of the second class. All the other cities in the State are cities of the third class.

The Ripper bill enacted into law last week "rips up" and outlaws all legislation relating to Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton. It authorizes the Governor to remove from office the mayors of these cities elected by the people and appoint in their place an official called a "Recorder," but whose powers are largely in excess of those held by the several mayors. The Governor is authorized to appoint these chief officers called Recorders, without submitting their names to the Senate for confirmation, which is required in all other like appointments. They are authorized to serve for the period of more than two years, thus denying the people of these cities the right to choose their chief magistrates at the next February election. These Recorders are also empowered to appoint all municipal officials from the highest to the lowest, from the Director of Public Safety down to street sweeper, and are not required to submit any appointments for the approval of councils, as required by all other cities of the State for the higher grade of officers.

Thus the Governor of the State becomes the actual chief officer of each of these three cities, by reason of his power to appoint and remove at will the Recorder. The latter must appoint whomever the Executive requires or take the risk of removal and the appointment of a new Recorder who will do as directed by the Executive.

It is a violently revolutionary measure. If the Governor has the power to appoint the mayor for the period of more than two years he has the equal power to appoint him for twenty years or longer. If he has the power to disfranchise the people of these three cities and select their chief official, the appointment to extend over the next spring elections, when mayors in these cities would in regular course be elected by the people, then he would have an equal right to appoint them for ten, or twenty, or forty years. It is a most flagrant violation of the whole theory of our government and has never before been attempted by the Legislature of this or any other State. If the Supreme Court should decree this kind of legislation constitutional, then it will be equally competent for the Legislature to disfranchise the people of every county and city in the State. The Legislature can pass a law and the Governor by his approval give himself the power to name the mayor of Philadelphia, disfranchising one and a half millions of people. The Governor can turn out of office the mayor of every city of the third class and appoint his own mayor; he can turn out of office the chief burgess of every borough in the Commonwealth and the chief officers of every township in the State and thereby make himself the Czar of Pennsylvania, clothed with more power than the Czar of Russia.

Can any intelligent judge or layman assume that such a law can be maintained under a constitution that provides that all authority is to be inherent in the people?

The STATE COLLEGE RIPPER is in the same line, only upon a smaller scale. It gives the Executive the power to remove every member of the present Board of Trustees and appoint their successors. This gives him the power to control every officer in and about the College, from President down to janitor. If the appointments that he suggests are not made by the Trustees of his appointment, he has only to remove them and appoint others who will do his bidding and he is responsible to nobody. It will not do to say that because the proposed Board of Trustees will serve without compensation that they will do right and ignore politics and political orders. The honor of the appointment should be its sufficient compensation. But the Trustees so appointed will do what they are told or make room for others who will. This is a step backward. The argument that giving the Executive the power to appoint the Trustees will thereby make the State College more of a State Institution than it now is, is fallacious. The Acts of Congress and of the State Legislature have already fixed its status. The frequent and generous appropriations from the treasury of the State to the College has been more of a recognition than will come by turning it into a political machine. It would be futile to assert that the Western University of Pennsylvania, Lehigh University, Lafayette College, or any of the other nonsectarian educational institutions, could be turned into a "State Institution;" saddling the responsibility for its future upon the Commonwealth by simply obtaining from the Legislature the power for the Executive to appoint its Board of Trustees.

Every friend of the State College, every alumnus, every patron, every citizen who has paid taxes to help to sustain it, should unite in a prompt and vigorous protest to the Legislature not to turn this Institution over to the precarious future of political management.

Let our College remain as it is, a National and State Institution, to carry out the purposes for which it was founded.

Its students in large majorities have always been Pennsylvanians. Formerly its presidents and faculty were Pennsylvanians. Let us keep it as a State Institution and demonstrate to the Pennsylvania taxpayers that it can and must be made a great educational establishment, without the necessity of drawing upon New England either for management or intellect.

HAS THE DEATH ANGEL SMOTE AGUINALDO THE ELUSIVE?

It is the opinion of the War Department that Aguinaldo is really dead. No authentic news has been heard of him for nearly a year, when his horse was captured, its saddlebags being found to contain many valuable papers belonging to him. The rider of the horse was known to have been wounded, but to what extent it is not possible to ascertain, having been carried off by the natives.

Nothing more has been heard of the Filipino chieftain, at anyrate. All trace of him was lost after that day when his horse was captured and all evidences are lacking that he is alive or that he has been in recent months discharging any official command of the native army.

Aguinaldo's wife, it is said, spends much of her time in Cavite and is frequently in Manila. She is closely watched, and for months she has certainly had no communication with her rebellious liege lord. The American agents at Singapore and Hong Kong have been looking for "Aggie" in those places and our troops have scoured the islands thoroughly for him but to no purpose so far as his apprehension is concerned.

The authorities have come to the conclusion that he has been dead for months and that the orders ostensibly issued by him merely bear his name for the influence it still exerts upon the Filipinos loyal to him. Much will be accomplished toward the pacification of the insurgents when they can be furnished with undeniable proof of their leader's demise.

BRYAN in a recent interview in New York, where he is said to have been studying yellow journalism for the past week or more, said, "I am very well pleased with the result in New York at the last election. All things considered, it did better for me than any other section of the country—better, certainly, than my own State." No one will be cruel enough to deny the editor of "The Commoner" this small crumb of comfort.

LOVE'S LABOR LOST.

The question whether or not the Governor of this State can approve part and veto the remainder of an item in an appropriation bill was the chief point involved in the State school appropriation case on which the Supreme Court heard argument in Philadelphia on Monday. Dependent upon this point was also the important controversy whether or not the public school appropriation for the past two years should be on an $11,000,000 or $10,000,000 basis.

The question of the constitutionality of the Governor's school appropriation veto and the right of the State Treasurer to withhold from the various school districts of the State their proportionate share of the $1,000,000 cut came before the court in an appeal by the Patton township school district from the decision of Judge Love in which he decided that the Governor had constitutional authority for his veto of a part of the school appropriation item and dismissed the petition of the township for a mandamus upon the State Treasurer to compel him to notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction that there were sufficient funds in the State Treasury to pay Patton township its share of the school fund on the $11,000,000 basis.

W. E. Gray, Esq., of Bellefonte, attorney for the Patton township school board, appeared for the Commonwealth, and Attorney General Elkin represented State Treasurer Barnett. C. Tyson Kratz, of Montgomery county, was also given leave to intervene and argue as a friend of the court. He represented twenty-four townships in Montgomery county, and said that forty suits, involving the same question, had been brought by School Boards in the Dauphin county court.

The introduction of Mr. Kratz into the argument, with the sanction of the Supreme court, was unexpected and the announcement some days ago that he would be permitted to appear before the court in behalf of the School Districts he represented was a bitter pill for the veto gang to swallow. They had no other alternative, however, and were obliged to submit to the rule of the Supreme Bench. Attorney Gray, therefore, received unlooked-for assistance in his efforts to have the opinion of his friend Judge Love reversed. Whether he approved of the appearance of Attorney Kratz on the scene we cannot say but we are persuaded in the belief that he suffered not a few moments of perplexity and irritation. You see, Mr. Kratz was not in the deal when the first hand in the game was played in the Centre county courts.

Well, the case was argued on practically the same lines that characterized the *contest* before Judge Love some weeks ago, with the exception that Mr. Kratz presented his argument in a style that evidenced the fact that he was not playing a part assigned him by the veto coterie; that he was honestly and faithfully representing the interests of his clients and the cause of the public schools. The Supreme court reserved its decision. It is hinted that when the opinion is declared it will say that the Centre county court had no jurisdiction in the case and its decision, therefore, is without authority and has no legal status. In other words, the opinion of Judge Love, or perhaps it is best to say, the opinion to which he subscribed his judicial approval, will not be worth the paper it was written on and will only stand as an index to a work of willing subserviency in which "Love's labor *was* lost."

STATE PROSPEROUS—THE MACHINE IN LUCK.

The net amount of the State revenues for the fiscal year ended November 30, 1900, as shown by the annual report of State Treasurer James E. Barnett, was $14,289,870.05, an increase of $2,059,352.76 in gross receipts over 1899. The State Treasurer estimates the State's revenues for the current fiscal year at $13,519,875 and the disbursements at $12,684,871.50, which is exclusive of any sum which may be appropriated to complete the capitol building.

In submitting these figures to Governor Stone the State Treasurer says the business of the department has felt the prosperous condition of the country, and that the Commonwealth is able to meet its *obligations* promptly and without any embarrassment. This will be joyful news to the machine treasury looters in and out of the Legislature and the hungry hordes of machine sycophants. It will require a treasury full to overflowing to meet the demands of the raids being made upon the State money bags by the Quay gang and it will remain to be seen whether or not the State Treasury will be able, when the Legislature has completed its task of rewarding machine henchmen and reimbursing machine leaders, to "meet its obligations promptly and without any embarrassment."

The Auditor General, in his estimate of the State's finances, places the total revenue for each of the next two years at $13,327,503. The probable outlay for the necessary expenses of the State government for each of the two years, including $5,500,000 to the public school districts of the State, will be about $11,500,000. In addition to this it is proposed to appropriate an additional $1,000,000 to the public schools to make up the cut made by the "Ripper" Governor in the last school appropriation. At least $1,000,000 a year will be appropriated for the completion of the State capitol building.

Just watch the "Ripper" gang rip the silver lining from the State Treasury vaults, as it were. The State has money to burn and "de gang" will burn it.

LIFE AS LIVED BY THE KING OF FINANCIERS.

Perhaps the most conspicuous man in the world of affairs today is J. Pierpont Morgan, the premier financier of America and a man upon whom the eyes of commercial Europe are fastened with apprehension and foreboding. The daily routine of this remarkable financial genius cannot but be interesting to those who have read of his stupendous enterprises and marvelous accomplishments. The New York "World" describes it as follows:

Rises at 7:30.

Breakfasts at 8:30.

Leaves residence, 219 Madison avenue, in cab at 10 a. m. Sometimes does not go down until after noon.

Reaching office, goes immediately to desk. Sits down and glances over letters previously opened by secretaries.

By 11:30 is giving "snap shot" interviews to streams of customers.

Lunches about 1:30. Returns to office in about an hour. Is not, however, a slave of routine.

Interviews directors and various stockholders until 3:30 or 4 p. m.

Returns home at 5 P. M. Spends time until 6 P. M. with family.

At 6 P. M. dresses for dinner.

At 7 P. M. dinner.

Afterward goes to Union Club, plays solitaire, or else to meet persons with whom he may have social engagements.

Sometimes, when not at club, theater or with friends, he enjoys an evening at home listening to the members of his family sing old hymns. Often sings old ballads himself. Likes to sing at banquets and reunions.

MR. BRYAN is said to have gone to New York to learn something about running a newspaper. His subscribers are notified to keep their optics opened for a yellow edition of the "Commoner."

Will End the Murders.

The Pennsylvania railroad Monday morning threw into service the remodeled old Spruce Creek tunnel, thus giving the company four track through the mountain at that point. This is the end of the famous Tunnel town that had acquired so much of a notorious reputation for crimes. During the building of the new tunnel and the remodeling of the old there were no less than five murders committed, and nearly all of the criminals have escaped.

—Governor Stone has re-appointed F. W. Crider, of Bellefonte, to be a trustee of the State hospital for the insane at Danville.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, March 11th, 1901.

President McKinley and his entire Cabinet are perfectly satisfied with the Cuban situation and thoroughly confident from trustworthy information they have received, that after a little sputtering, the Cubans will accept the conditions laid down by Congress. There has been no foundation for any of the sensational stories sent from Washington, alleging that it was contemplated to increase our naval force in Cuban waters and to send more troops to Cuba, to awe the Cubans into accepting the conditions. Neither action has been at any time contemplated, and no official in Washington has any idea that any circumstances can possibly arise that will make such action necessary. The situation is being misrepresented at the Havana end of the line, as well as in Washington, but these misrepresentations are not likely to prevent a satisfactory ending of the matter, although they may possibly cause it to be deferred.

Vice President Roosevelt made an excellent impression during the week he presided over the special session of the Senate, which adjourned Saturday, after having acted upon the nominations for which the session was called. When it is considered that he had no previous parliamentary experience, he did very well. He made several unimportant mistakes, owing to his lack of knowledge of Senate usage, but they were speedily corrected. He was personally popular with many of the Senators before his inauguration as Vice President, and he has since become more so.

President McKinley gave the committee of Cuban business men who came to Washington to ask for modification of the Cuban tariff about all they asked for when he issued an order abolishing the Cuban export duty on tobacco of all kinds, after April 1. This cuts off about a million dollars a year from the Cuban revennes, but it is thought it will result in much more benefit than that to the Cuban planters. Secretary Root has decided that the present Cuban tariff, which was announced when put into effect to expire June 15, 1901, will continue in effect until the proposed revision thereof becomes operative.

Secretary Hay and the French Ambassador have signed an agreement extending the time within which the reciprocity treaty with France, which the Senate failed to act upon, may be ratified, to Sept. 24, 1902. President McKinley regards this and other reciprocity treaties as absolutely necessary for the extension of foreign markets for American goods, and besides this extension has headed off a scheme of several European governments to combine for the purpose of waging a commercial war against the U. S., as it makes it certain that France will not join in such a scheme unless the reciprocity treaty with her fails to be ratified within the time specified.

Secretary Long has answered the Senate resolution asking if there were discriminations in the matter of uniforms and privileges against officers of the Navy promoted from the ranks. The answer says: "Commissioned officers in the Naval service promoted from the ranks are not debarred from privileges enjoyed by other commissioned officers of the Navy, but they are not given the use of some uniforms used by certain other commissioned officers, just as the latter, in one grade or corps are not given the same uniform as others of them in another grade or corps. The distinction does not arise from the question of whether the officer was promoted from the ranks or is a graduate of the Naval Academy." Secretary Long added that a uniform regulation book would be issued about May 1, which would permit officers promoted from the ranks to wear certain insignia and uniform not worn by them, but which are permitted for other commissioned officers.

President Scott, of the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco, which built the battleship Oregon and is building the Ohio, which President McKinley is going to see launched, who is now in Washington, said of the President's trip to the Pacific coast: "We are going to have a big time when the Ohio is launched. The people out our way are all anxious to see the President, and they will give him a great reception. We don't often have a President as a visitor on the Pacific coast, and we are going to make the most of our opportunity. If Mr. McKinley doesn't have a pleasant time, it will be because the people of California have forgotten the art of entertaining, and we would not like to think we had."

Potter County Logs.

Potter county's products will be well represented at the Pan-American exposition to be held at Buffalo this summer. The Goodyear mills at that place, beside furnishing a great deal of the hemlock lumber for the building, are at present sawing and quarter sawing a great many hemlock logs for the forestry and log cabin building. The logs are sawed in their natural state, that is with the bark on, just as they come from the woods. They have already shipped the logs in the natural state for the body of these buildings, and these are being slabbed with the taper of the logs for the roof. It will require considerable skill in the sawing of them as they must all be turned by hand and the bark preserved.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

Additional Locals.

—It is sometimes called "la grippe," oftener, plain grip, with an accent of disgust, but it remained for a Nittany correspondent of a county paper to label it "lagripp."

Pneumonia follows la grippe, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy. Take no substitute. All Druggists.

—Mrs. Harriet Bottorf, of Salona, died Tuesday morning, March 5th, from diseases incident to old age. Her maiden name was Strayer. She was sister of Cyrus and Levi Strayer, of Rebersburg. Deceased was aged 84 years.

Eugene J. Hall, the poet and publisher, says that one dose of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice when hoarseness threatened to prevent his lecture at Central Music Hall, Chicago. Nothing else as good. All Druggists.

—Arthur Thomas, who has been quite ill with typhoid pneumonia, is reported to be out of danger. On Tuesday the boy's temperature was up to 105°, and under the treatment of his physician, Dr. Fisher, it is now lowered to its normal condition.

"I had running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Banner Salve entirely cured it." No other salve so healing. All Druggists.

—Jacob S. Knisely, who was recently appointed to the police force, wishes the patrons of his blacksmith shop to know that he will continue the blacksmith business just the same. He has hired a competent man to take charge of the work in his absence and everything will be carried on just the same as heretofore.

Mr. J. W. Patterson ,night police at Nashua, Ia., says: "In January I had a very bad cold on my lungs, and used half dozen different cough medicines and prescriptions from two doctors, but grew worse all the time. I finally bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and after using two-thirds of it, I was entirely cured." All Druggists.

—A bill has been introduced in the legislature authorizing boroughs to require the planting of shade trees along the public streets by the owners of abutting property in cases where the majority of the property owners along such streets petition councils for the passage of an ordinance for the planting of such trees.

Robert R. Watts, of Salem, Mo., writes: —"I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years and have doctored with all the leading physicians and have tried all remedies suggested without any relief. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and less than two bottles completely cured me and I am sound and well." All Druggists.

—The office of supervisor in Snow Shoe township is to be contested. Quigg, Republican, received 175 votes and was elected as one of the officers, but Bullock, Republican, and Thomas, Democrat, each had 149 and were tie. It is claimed that three votes, that would have elected Mr. Thomas, were thrown out in the West precinct.

—Mrs. B. B. Stover, of Feidler, a widow 77 years of age, is busily engaged in piecing and quilting this winter. She is piecing a quilt with 992 patches for each of her grandchildren. She is an expert at this kind of work and has some fine specimens on hand which have 1,582 patches and were made more than half a century ago.

—Judge Gordon, of Clearfield, has made a new rule in the matter of the transfer of hotel licenses. The persons who now seek to have the license transferred to them must present proof of their fitness to keep hotel, and there must also be proof that there is no collusion with other persons and the transfer is asked for in good faith.

—During the months of February twenty-two marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of Orphan's Court Lightner, of Perry county. The aggregate age of males was 598 years average 27 years; of females, aggregate 544 years average 22 years. The youngest bridegroom was 21 years, the youngest bride 17 years. The number of licenses issued to date is 2,850.

—A little girl was burned to death near Reading because she stopped to take off her new shoes, after her clothing had caught fire from the stove, before jumping into a barrel of rain water. It is a remarkable instance of presence of mind. Her apron was set on fire by a spark. She endeavored to tear it off, but the cloth was too strong. She ran for a pair of shears to cut it, which fanned the flame and set fire to her other clothing. She then thought of the rain barrel, but not wishing to spoil her new shoes, she deliberately removed them while her clothes were flaming. The delay was fatal, though she maintained a wonderful courage and stood on her feet while her burns were dressed by the physician. We take it not to have been pride in the new shoes, but just the sense of prudence and carefulness that suggested the idea of preserving something of value in the instant of a terrible emergency. Brave little soul. She deserved a better fate.

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken, Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25c at F. Potts Greens Drug, store.

A Unique Golden Wedding.

Joseph R. and Rebecca Baird, of Spruce Creek, celebrated their golden wedding on the 4th inst. As the home of this old and beloved couple was too small for the accommodation of their many friends who desired to attend, the trustees of the M. E. church, of which Mr. Baird is the efficient janitor, kindly granted the use of that building for the purpose. The doors were opened at 7 p. m. and in a short time there was a goodly number within its walls.

The bridal party met in the basement of the church and proceeded to the auditorium above in the following order: In the left aisle the pastor of the church, Rev. J. P. Shipe, followed by a flower girl bearing a bunch of beautiful flowers; Mrs. Rebecca Barrick, followed by Mrs. Rebecca Baird. In the right aisle, a flower girl followed by Mr. John Brindle, who in turn was followed by Mr. J. R. Baird.

Miss Emma Patton played a beautiful march as the party took their seats inside the altar rail, after which the pastor led in prayer. The choir then sang an appropriate selection after which Dr. Holmes of Spruce Creek was introduced, making some fitting remarks for the occasion. Another selection was sung by the choir after which Mr. Joyce, principal of the Spruce Creek public schools, was introduced and gave an interesting talk. Another selection by the choir was followed by remarks by the pastor, after which the old folks were introduced to the congregation who came forward and extended hearty congratulations. After the hand-shaking the party repaired to the basement where refreshments were served and a pleasant social time was enjoyed.

Mr. Baird was born in Centre county near Boalsburg in 1829. This was in the time of Governor Ritner after whom he was named. Mrs. Baird's maiden name was Rebecca Markel. She was born in York county in the year 1828. Eleven children blessed their union, eight of whom are yet living. Up to the present they have had forty-two grandchildren and eight great-grandchildren, not all of whom, however, are living today.

Mr. and Mrs. Baird have been members of the M. E. church for many years and are held in high esteem by the congregation at Spruce Creek.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood. but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Greens drug store.

A Woman's Downfall and Disgrace.

The following story of a former Centre county woman's disgrace and degradation comes from Shamokin and will be of interest to our readers:

Twenty years ago Thomas Carney, an industrious Scotch mason and bricklayer, was married at Snow Shoe to a girl in whom all of his future happiness was centered. She was a bright, vivacious, well developed woman when he married her and they lived happily together for several years, when the wife became addicted to drink and her maudlin condition so disgusted the man who had wooed and won her that a separation followed.

She drifted away, but kept the name of Mary Carney. For awhile she spent her time with friends in Shamokin, but her dissolute habits made it impossible for them to longer care for her and she was started adrift again.

After working as a domestic in several places she returned to Shamokin, where she met and married Henry Tarr, a colored man, on the 12th of last month. On Saturday morning a very stylishly dressed and fine looking woman arrived in Shamokin from Albany, N. Y. It was Mrs. Annie Harris. She is a sister of Mrs. Carney-Tarr and she preferred charges against the latter of bigamy and adultery. The officers found the the unfortunate woman living with her colored husband, but she was so drunk as to be almost idiotic in her answers to questions. She was taken to jail at Northumberland; the family preferring to have her in prison to allowing her to continue the dissolute life she had been living.

Carney, broken hearted and with all his hopes shattered, went back to Scotland several years ago.

Awful Experience With Heart Disease

Mr. L. J. Law, Toronto, Can., writes: "I was so sorely troubled with heart disease that I was unable for 18 months to lie down in bed lest I smother. After taking one dose of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure, I retired and slept soundly. I used one bottle and the trouble has not returned.—"50.

Sold by F. Potts Green.

—Rasco, the chewer of live snakes, who had been holding forth in Altoona for sometime, giving exhibitions of his disgusting practice for business, has jumped the city, and the morbidly curious of the mountain town will no longer have an opportunity for witnessing the mastication of uncooked snake meat by a fellow who claims to belong to the human family.

ROUGH FUN ENDS IN RIOT

Keystone State Militia Make Trouble In Washington Before Leaving.

SOLDIERS ARREST CAUSES TROUBLE

Police Officers, Soldiers and Citizens Were Badly Injured in the Fight That Followed.

POLICE SHOT AT THE SOLDIERS

Washington, March 7.—That part of Washington south of Pennsylvania avenue which bears an unenviable name was occupied by several hundred Pennsylvania guardsmen Monday night, and was hand led pretty roughly. The love of horse play was no doubt at the bottom of the trouble, but the fun got under such headway that lives were endangered and several persons were severely injured. About 9 o'clock a crowd of soldiers drew a rope across D. street, and made everybody who came along on the way to the monument grounds to see the expected fireworks jump over it. The police interfered to stop this, and fighting began. Two policemen were badly thumped, and their batons taken away from them and used to club them into insensibility. One had to be taken to the hospital, where he still lies, badly hurt. It is thought his arm is broken, and he received terrible bruises about the head from the baton. A little 7-year-old girl, named Wellington, from Philadelphia, was shot in the ankle, and a Washington high school boy was shot in the leg.

The guardsmen at one time charged the police station, and fired a volley at it. No one was killed, fortunately, but the building shows the marks of the bullets. A number of soldiers had been made prisoners, and the others were trying to release them.

All the men implicated in the disturbance were from the Sixth, Tenth and Eighteenth regiments. At Thirteenth street a lot of soldiers seized a negro with a pushcart and piled him and several other negroes on the cart, and started out with a wild howl to give them a free ride. The cart broke down, and a free fight ensued. Whiskey bottles, bricks and other missiles were thrown liberally, and another policeman was knocked unconscious and carried off the field to the hospital. For a time it was thought the district national guard would have to be called out to quell the disturbance. A provost guard from the Sixth Pennsylvania finally arrested the men and secured order.

The police fired into a crowd of soldiers who attacked the First precinct station house to rescue a comrade. Three soldiers were injured, none of them seriously. Four officers were badly beaten. In the evening a member of the Pennsylvania national guard was arrested by a negro policeman. In the struggle to get the young soldier to the station house the officer split his prisoner's head with his club.

As soon as the militiaman's comrades learned of the affair they procured a rope and, capturing the officer, made preparations to hang him to a lamp post, but were prevented from so doing by the time arrival of the police, who rescued the negro officer and temporarily dispersed the crowd.

The soldiers reassembled, however, and going to the station house, demanded the release of their comrade. Being refused they attempted to gain entrance by force. The police repulsed them three times with their clubs.

The soldiers returned to the scene armed with bottles, bricks and clubs and hurled them at the police, who were standing on the steps of the station.

As soon as the first missile was hurled the order was given to fire and the policemen fired. The soldiers dispersed under the fire of the police only to reassemble some blocks away and renew their attack on every negro they could find. They gathered in squads and paraded the streets looking for negroes upon whom to wreck their vengeance. Several policemen who attempted to arrest the progress of the soldiers were attacked and severely wounded.

—Sunday evening while Mrs. William Rowe, whose husband was at church, he being sexton of the Methodist church, was sitting alone in her home at Reedsville, Mifflin county, she heard a rap at her back kitchen door and on opening it a tall man stood in the shadow who inquired if her husband was in. She replied that he was at church and he might see him there, thinking it might be some one wishing Mr. Rowe to go to work at Burnham as is often the case but he replied "he could see him some other time," and at the same time struck her a severe blow in the stomach, felling her to the floor and rendering her unconscious, from which she did not recover until 12 m. and the attack was made at 7 o'clock. The wretch then took her apron off and bound her hands tightly, took a cloth from the sideboard and bound her feet, stuffed a kerchief in her mouth and tied a cloth tightly over her face and dragged her into another room, He then went up stairs and ransacked all the apartments, but nothing was taken. Mrs. Rowe is prostrated with nervous shock and is in a precurious condition.

INDIAN SIGNALS.

The Long Distance Code by Which the Red Men Conversed.

The traveler on the plains in the early days soon learned the significance of the spires of smoke that he sometimes saw rising from a distant ridge or hill and that in turn he might see answered from a different direction. It was the signal talk of the Indians across miles of intervening ground, a signal used in rallying the warriors for an attack or warning them for a retreat when that seemed advisable.

The Indian had a way of sending up the smoke in rings or puffs, knowing that such a smoke column would at once be noticed and understood as a signal and not taken for the smoke of some campfire. He made the rings by covering the little fire with his blanket for a moment and then suddenly removing the blanket and allowing the smoke to ascend, when he instantly covered the fire again. The column of ascending smoke rings said to every Indian within 30 miles: "Look out. There is an enemy near." Three smokes built close together meant danger. One smoke merely meant attention. Two smokes meant "Camp at this place." Travel the plains, and the usefulness of this long distance telephone will quickly become apparent.

Sometimes at night the settler or traveler saw fiery lines crossing the sky, shooting up and falling, perhaps taking a direction diagonal to the line of vision. He might guess that these were the signals of Indians, but unless he were an old timer he might not be able to interpret the signals. The old timer and the squaw man knew that one fire arrow (an arrow prepared by treating the head of the shaft with gunpowder and fine bark) meant the same as the column of smoke puffs—viz, "An enemy is near." Two arrows meant "Danger." Three arrows said imperatively, "This danger is great." Several arrows said, "The enemy are too many for us." Two arrows shot up into the air at once meant "We shall attack;" three at once said, "We attack now." An arrow shot off in a diagonal direction said as plainly as pointing a finger, "That way." Thus the untutored savage could telephone fairly well at night as well as in daytime."

PUZZLED THE JEWELER.

He Wanted a Second Hand Watch and Finally Got It.

He was evidently a foreigner, and he walked into one of the big jewelry houses on F street and asked for a watch. He would be pleased to examine some "second hand watches," he said to the clerk who advanced to meet him.

"This isn't a pawnshop," observed the clerk haughtily.

"No?" observed the man inquiringly. "But you have watches?" And he pointed to the great showcase full of handsome watches.

"Certainly," replied the clerk. "Finest stock of watches in the city. How much do you want to pay for a watch?"

"How mooch?" asked the stranger. "Mooch as he is worth, so that he suits me. I have said that I desire a second hand watch—a good one that shall keep the time."

"See here, sir; you are off your base. We don't keep secondhand goods. You will have to hunt elsewhere for secondhand watches."

The stranger's eyes opened wide. "But you have him there, and there and there," he said as he began to gesticulate. "I have said s-e-c-o-n-d h-a-n-d watches," spelling it as though to make it plainer, "and they are here, everywhere, yet you say you have them not. I do not comprehend you."

"Well, I do you," replied the clerk sheepishly as he quickly got behind the counter. "Just a little mix up. No harm done, I hope. Certainly we have watches with second hands. All our watches have second hands. We handle no others." And the stranger got his second hand watch, for which he laid down a $50 bill.—Washington Star.

Banner Salve.

Tetter, eczema and skin diseases yield quickly to the marvelous healing qualities of Banner Salve made from a prescription of a skin specialist of world wide fame. 25c. All Druggists.

—The Frank B. Gibson granite and marble works, of Lock Haven, last week placed in the Union cemetery, at this place, a large monument to the memory of James P. Roan.

A Very Bad Combine
is that of
A Very Bad Sprain
and
A Very Black Bruise
It often happens,
but just as often
St. Jacobs Oil
makes a clean, sure,
promp cure of both.

"A Good Beginning Makes a Bad Ending."

That saying seems to have been born of the superstition deep rooted in humanity. It is akin to that other saying "He laughs best who laughs last." Perhaps in these and similar sayings there is a survival of the old pagan belief that a display of happiness was likely to incur the envy of the gods and to draw down the visitation of the malice which is twin to envy.

It would be a ridiculous proposition to affirm that bad is the necessary outcome of good. But just as many a day which begins with a cloudless sky ends in storm, so many an event in life which

promises only happiness ends in disappointment and misery.

This is very true of marriage. The young wife goes heart and soul into home making and housekeeping. She loves to cook and prepare the dainties her husband enjoys. She is so robust and hearty that she can hardly find enough to do to exhaust her abundant energy. That's the way it begins. After a while she finds that it takes all her strength to care for her home. Then household cares begin to overtax her, and she drops down into a chair many a time and gives way to tears because of her weakness and misery. The sky so cloudless on the morning of marriage has soon become overcast.

THE CRITICAL TIME

in many a woman's life comes just at this period of discouragement and despair. She finds indications of disease of the delicate womanly organs. Her women friends perhaps tell her that the bearing down sensation, the pains in the back and loins indicate disease or displacement. She consults physicians, takes prescribed treatments, all to no avail. And yet this woman's case is curable on the evidence of women who have been cured.

"Four years ago my health began to fail," writes Mrs. Nellie M. Reycraft, of Glenwood, Washington Co., Oregon. "I had a heavy dragging and weight in the region of the uterus, pain in back and loins, could not lift anything heavy, rest at night very poor; stomach deranged. One physician said I was overworked, another said I had congestion and falling of uterus. He treated me nine months and said I would not be well until I had passed the change of life. I was only twenty-seven years old then. I became discouraged, and began using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Took a teaspoonful three times a day; began feeling better right away. Am using my third bottle now, and feel I am in good health. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has restored me to health. If suffering women would give it a fair trial they would give it praise."

It can truthfully be said that there is hardly a form of womanly disease medically curable which will not yield to the faithful use of "Favorite Prescription." More than this, it is a matter of record that many forms of womanly disease pronounced incurable by local physicians have been perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It is worth noting that these cures are lasting. Many medicines offered for women's use are mere palliatives. They numb the nerves and so dull the pain. But they do not re-establish the lost womanly health. "Favorite Prescription" is a purely vegetable preparation. It contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine or any other narcotic. It cannot disagree with the weakest constitution. It establishes regularity, dries the drains which weaken women, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

IT IS WOMAN'S WAY

to sacrifice herself for her family. She goes without the new dress that husband or child may have some coveted pleasure. And for economy's sake she often bears the ills which are undermining her health. It is a false economy. The health of the wife and mother is the most important factor in the home life, and every suffering woman who has been cured by "Favorite Prescription" is a witness to the real economy of this means of cure.

"My health is the best now that it has been for four years," writes Mrs. Phebe Morris, of Ira, Cayuga Co., N.Y., Box 52. "I have taken but two bottles of your medicine, 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' These medicines have done me more good than all that I have ever taken before. *I couldn't do my work only about half the time, and now I can work all the time for a family of four.* Before I took your medicines I was sick in bed nearly half the time. My advice to all who are troubled with female weakness is to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery'—the most wonderful medicines in the world."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All letters are held in sacred confidence and womanly confidences are guarded by strict professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little more than thirty years Dr. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured hundreds of thousands of sick and suffering women.

If the dealer offers you a "just as good" medicine in place of "Favorite Prescription" it is because less meritorious medicines pay him a little more profit. His profit is your loss. Insist upon having "Favorite Prescription" the

medicine which makes weak women strong and sick women well.

THE REASON WHY.

Some medical works content themselves by classifying advice under the head of "Do" or "Don't." Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser gives the reason why, for all it enjoins. It is a plain guide to health written in plain English and dealing with the great problems of physiology and hygiene from the view point of common sense. This great work containing 1008 large pages is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the work in cloth binding or only 21 stamps for the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The New Telephone Line.

Surveyors were at work in Jersey Shore Wednesday of last week for the new North and West Branch Telephone company, taking measurements of the various streets on which the company will erect poles and wires. The company will begin putting in phones at Williamsport and Newberry, and in a short time the line will be in operation in Jersey Shore. This is the line the Central Commercial Telephone company, of this city will connect with. It is expected that by March 15th the new line will be in full operation.

—The wonderful growth of the mining industry in Cambria county during the past few years, remarks the Johnstown "Tribune," is graphically illustrated when one learns the number of operations, the number of employes, and the output for the past year, the figures for which have only recently been compiled. It is stated by those in a position to speak with accuracy that there are now in operation in the county 130 mines, producing over 8,600,000 tons of coal last year, and furnishing employment to upwards of 12,600 persons.

—E. B. Stewttinius, of Chicago, was the victim of a remarkable accident early Sunday morning. He was a passenger on the Chicago and St. Louis express, occupying a lower berth in a sleeper. When the train was near Cresson, Mr. Stewttinius, who was struggling in a nightmare, kicked so hard that he broke in the car window at his berth. His left foot went through the heavy glass and his leg was frightfully cut. A blood vessel is severed. A physician of Johnstown was telegraphed ahead to meet the train there. When he entered the car a sickening sight met his gaze. The coach was red with blood and it was not until Pittsburg was reached that the physician was able to relieve the greatly weakened man. Mr. Stewttinius was sent to the West Penn hospital.

—The Elmore sisters who appear here next Tuesday night with Wood & Ward's "Two Merry Tramps" are the same who made such a hit here last season with the Si Stebbens show.

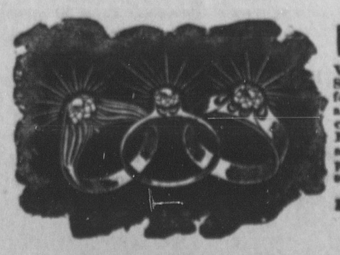
Do you Cough?

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough and Measle-Cough without fail. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe, Pneumonia and Consumption. It gives quick, sure results. Price, 25 cts. Refuse the dealer's substitute; it is not as good.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Always cures when others fail.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation and Liver Troubles. 30 pills, 10 cts. Trial box, 3 cts.



FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.

Write to-day and get extra present FREE.

FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
320 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THREE FAIR AMERICAN LADIES

Who Use Peruna.

MISS J. WILSON GAIRE. MISS IDA HARNED. MISS BARBARA ALBERTY.

Miss Janet Wilson Gaire, President the Ono Musical Club, Kansas City, Mo., also Treasurer The Dream Lode Mining Co., No. 224, New York Life Insurance Co. building, Kansas City, Mo., writes:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen—"For the past few years I have tried several kinds of medicines when I was feeling badly, but I am free to admit that I never found anything to equal Peruna.

"Last fall I contracted a severe cold which seemed to settle in my joints and made me very uncomfortable for a couple of weeks, until I tried Peruna. Before a week was passed the soreness was gone and before I had used two bottles I was completely restored."

Yours very truly,

J. Wilson Gaire.

Conspicuous among women who have attained success in the business world is Miss Ida Harned, a clever insurance writer.

A recent letter from Miss Harned to The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, O., reads as follows:

CHICAGO, ILL., 607 CHAMPLAIN BUILDING.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen---"As a tonic I find your Peruna an excellent medicine to build up and restore the nervous system. My work is out doors and traveling to a great extent, and during inclement weather I especially value it as a preventative against colds, and as a catarrhal treatment it is unexcelled. It is with much pleasure I give Peruna my hearty endorsement."

Yours truly, Ida Harned.

Barbara Alberty, corner Seventh and Walnut streets, Appleton, Wis., writes as follows in regard to Peruna:

"For years I have suffered with backache and severe pains in the side. I doctored so much that I became discouraged.

"A school friend told me how very much Peruna had benefited her and I sent out for a bottle, which did more to relieve me than all the other medicine I had ever taken.

"I used it faithfully for two weeks and it completely cured me. I have not had any pains since, anywhere, but feel like a new woman. I am truly thankful for what Peruna has done for me." Yours very truly,

Barbara Alberty.

Everywhere the people, especially the women, are praising Peruna as a remedy for all forms of catarrhal difficulties. Send for free catarrh book. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

MILLHEIM NEWS.

Last Thursday Clayton Maize who came East to visit his sick father Wm. Maize, returned to his home in Illinois. He was accompanied by John Funk who will make his home somewhere in the western country.

Last Thursday morning was the coldest for this season. The thermometer registered from 6 to 12 degrees berow zero.

The public sales now going on are largely attended, and fat cakes and coffee are in great demand.

G. A. Rine is stopping at the National Hotel for a few days, and is soliciting students for the Williamsport Commercial college.

Archie King, of Clearfield, came here one day last week on a visit to his parents on North street.

C. E. Hauck and G. M. Glass, of Sunbury, had business here last week.

Borough auditors met on Monday to audit the accounts of the different officers.

Wm. Maize, J. H. Auman and Mrs. H. S. Mauck who have been sick for a long time are not much improved.

The public sale at Jonathan Krape's in Haines twp. last Friday was largely attended. The sale amounted to near $2,000. A. Harter was the auctioneer.

Frank Kern, of Bellefonte, visited his mother on North street, Saturday and Sunday.

Sandford D. Miller was a visitor at the home of his parents on Main street on Saturday and Sunday. He returned to Centre Hall on Monday morning.

Harvey Beardsley, of Lock Haven, visited at the home of W. M. Hartman one day last week.

Hundreds of people attended the sale on Tuesday at the residence of Elias Krumrines, near Millheim.

The heavy rain on Sunday night flooded many of the cellars in the lower part of town, also in Texas.

F. P. Royer who has been away from town for some weeks, came home last Saturday.

D. J. Neiman and wife went to Lock Haven on last Sunday, and from that city Mr. Neiman went to New York and Philadelphia to purchase spring and summer goods.

John H. B. Hartman lost a valuable horse on Sunday morning. On Saturday evening the horse appeared all right, and when Mr. Hartman went to the stable on Sunday morning, he found the animal dead. Cause unknown.

REBERSBURG ITEMS.

Sales nearly every day; is the program now, for nearly one month more.

Through the efforts of our energetic and proficient teacher, Prof. H. W. Morris, and his pupils, the sum of thirty-six dollars has been raised in this town, and sister town Kreamerville, for the purchase of a school library. This hearty response on the part of the citizens, shows their appreciation of the efforts put forth in behalf of the school by Mr. Morris. The books have been very carefully selected, and all choice literature ordered. Next week we will give complete list of contributors.

The roads are in a very bad shape at present, dangerous traveling.

Henry Wolf, of Mifflinburg, brother of John Wolf, of our town, died on Monday night.

John Harter and family visited his father in Georges Valley over Sunday.

AARONSBURG NEWS.

The Robbin, Bluebird and the Reebit have made their appearance.

Messrs. Irvin and Gutshall, of Union county were visitors at the residence of J. H. Wyle over Sunday.

Mrs. O. P. Adams, of Scranton, is at present visiting her parents Mr. Emanuel Cronemiller on East Main street.

Mrs. C. M. Bower, of Bellefonte, was visiting friends in this place last week.

Some one, or probably more than one paid a nocturnal visit to Thomas Frank's cellar one night last week.

John Haines our toll gate keeper at the west end of town has gone to Penn Hall to do some carpenter work.

Jonathan Krape's sale of personal property on last Friday near Fiedler was very largely attended.

On last Tuesday James E. Ettinger and family left for their new home at Casey, Guthrie county, Iowa.

Last Saturday night Samuel Orndorf the oldest citizen of this end of Penns valley died at his residence about 2 miles north of Woodward of apoplexy. His age was 90 years. The burial took place in the Woodward cemetery last Wednesday. He was a member of the Esher church.

A SIMPLE QUESTION.

Bellefonte People are Requested to Honestly Answer this.

Is not the word of a representative citizen of Bellefonte more convincing than the doubtful utterances of people living everywhere else in the Union? Read this:

Mrs. F. Davis, of Logan street, says:—"Doan's Kidney Pills did more towards freeing me from terrible pains in my back than any other medicine ever did. I had taken so many kinds and so many perscriptions without any perceptible gain that I was unprepared for the immediate improvement. I received from taking Doan's Kidney Pills. I read statements about Bellefonte people who had been cured by their use and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. After taking them I felt so well that I walked down town with my husband, something I had not done for two years. I highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to others suffering from their back and kidneys. I have more confidence in them than in any physician's prescription."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

—Some kind of a ferocious beast ravaged Beech Creek one night this week, but they have not yet decided whether it was a mad dog, a wild cat or a Welsh rabbit.

BURGLARS ON THE RAMPAGE.

Hugg's Store at Milesburg Robbed of $100 Worth of Goods—Other Places Visited.

Burglars seem to be getting bolder in this vicinity and quite a number of petty robberies have taken place lately. Sometime Wednesday night or Thursday morning these midnight marauders broke into Enoch Hugg's store and J. S. Longwell's meat market at Milesburg, and James Rote's store and the Bellefonte Central Scales at Coleville.

They made their biggest haul at Hugg's store at Milesburg. There they gained an entrance by breaking a pane of glass in the front door. They then proceeded to help themselves to dress goods, shoes, calico, shirts etc. Mr. Hugg estimates his loss at about $100.00. They failed to get any money at this place.

They broke open a window at Longwell's meat market at Milesburg and stole some smoked meat and 6 cents in money which was in the money drawer.

It is probable that the same gang that operated at Milesburg committed the robberies at Coleville also for their mode of working was the same. They stole some tools from the Bellefonte Central Railroad shop and attempted to pry off the lock on the door of James Rote's store. Not succeeding in this they smashed a pane of glass in the door and entered in that manner. They carried off ½ of a cheese, some candy and cigars. They also broke open the money drawer, but fortunately Mr. Rote never leaves anything but the pennies in the draw over night, so the burglars only got about a dollar for their trouble.

At the Bellefonte Central Scales they also gained an entrance by breaking out a pane of glass in the window. There was nothing in here for them to rob except a slot machine. This they broke open and took out the candy and a few pennies that it contained.

There are several questionable characters whom the authorities suspect of being implicated in these robberies and they are being kept under careful surveillance and some surprising developments may be the outcome.

—J. B. Taliaferro and his wife, of Evanston, have vowed to avoid "rummage" sales hereafter. Mrs. Taliaferro, who is a charitably inclined person, "rummaged" around to find something for a sale for the benefit of the Evanston hospital, and in her "rummaging" came upon an old painting which had lain in the garret for several years. She dusted it carefully and offered it as her contribution to the sale. In the course of the sale, at which she was assisting, she discovered that her $15 hat was missing. Upon investigation it was found that the hat had been disposed of to a bargain hunter for the sum of 15 cents. Mr. Taliaferro took an interest in the sale, and when he returned from Chicago that evening manifested his good will by making a purchase. Upon his arrival home he proudly unwrapped his parcel and displayed to his wife the painting which she had reclaimed from the garret. It cost him $10.

PHILADELPHIA NOW HAS A "RIPPER"

And Representative Cooper, Quayite Leader, Will Oppose It.

THE DEATH OF SENATOR MAGEE.

Tributes to His Memory From His Political Foes—The House Refuses to Censure Its Riotous Officials. New Schemes to Spend the State's Money Now Reach $450,000, and the Small Taxpayers Do Not Kick.

(Special News Letter.)

Harrisburg, March 12.—The quietest week of the session marked the deliberation of the legislature last week. This is saying a great deal, because for weeks the daily convocations of the house have been marked by angry debate and a continuous war of words. On Thursday last there was fresh trouble when Representative Thomas V. Cooper, of Delaware, again broke away from the administration forces and declared himself against the Philadelphia "ripper."

WHAT IT IS.

The Philadelphia "ripper" is not as comprehensive a measure as was the Pittsburg "ripper." Its purpose is to take the selection of the three members of the board of revision of taxes of the city out of the hands of the judges and make the positions elective. This would place three new lucrative and important offices in the hands of the city administration.

Representative Cooper, who has been recognized as a lieutenant of the state administration, declared himself on Thursday against the Philadelphia "ripper."

In discussing this measure Mr. Cooper said:

"Every indication points to the fact that the Philadelphia leaders are determined to railroad through both the house and senate the bill to take from the courts the power to appoint the board of revision of taxes for Philadelphia. It has been introduced in both houses at a time in the session when it was wholly unnecessary to take such a course unless the purpose is to railroad it.

"I presume this plan has been adopted to head off the hearing which the property holders of Philadelphia would like to have on the measure, which they are entitled to by every element of fair treatment. They number many thousands and are not organized as fully as they should be and can only protest in hasty ways.

"This bill is but one of three intended to take from the court of Philadelphia and ultimately from the courts of other cities and counties the power to grant licenses, which power extends to all the cities and counties, and in Philadelphia the power to appoint the school board control.

"My own judgment is that the house will earnestly resist the passage of the bill, and that the opposition will not permit the railroading process. If that is attempted in this body there will be scenes the like of which have been unknown to the earlier days of the session."

The degree of sagacity and farsightedness that has marked every movement of the administration forces in connection with the Pittsburg "ripper" legislation has been little less than marvelous. Everything has been planned beforehand, as in the case of the appointment of the mayor of Scranton, Mr. Moir, to be the new recorder for that city under the new "ripper" bill. The appointment of the recorders for Allegheny and Pittsburg have not been made. There was no objection to the appointment of ex-Mayor Moir, and so the whole "ripper" case is to be taken to court in Lackawanna county by his friends and a decision rendered in a friendly county on the subject.

This is the most strategic movement that has been made in the whole progress of "ripper" legislation.

SENATOR MAGEE'S DEATH.

The death of State Senator C. L. Magee, which occurred in Harrisburg on Friday night last, threw a damper over the whole state. Senator Magee was universally loved, irrespective of the matter of politics. And yet there is no doubt that his death was hastened by the passage of the "ripper" legislation, which meant so much to his interests in Pittsburg. Men of all parties in the state paid the highest tributes to the big hearted, open handed, lovable senator from Pittsburg. Here are two things that were said about him by political foes:

Governor Stone said:

"There is no man in Pennsylvania whose death could cause more grief and be a greater public loss than that of Senator Magee. He was an honest, fearless, able man, who built up his own record and who leaves behind him a great host of personal friends who, upon many occasions, have experienced evidences of his friendship and who will cherish his memory with the most sincere gratitude. In a private way, without attracting the attention of the public, he did much for charity and much for the poor, more than many whose names are extolled for public beneficence. I have always admired him, have always respected him, and feel in his death a personal loss."

Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durham, the leader of the Quay forces in Philadelphia, said:

"To us whom Senator Magee opposed in the political fight in Pennsylvania the news of his death comes with saddening effect. Kind hearted, honest and loyal, there is not a man among us who did not admire and love 'Chris' Magee."

Proposals to spend the money of the people in the interest of officeholders grows steadily here in Harrisburg. The latest scheme was presented in a bill by Senator Fox, Quay leader from Dauphin, which provides for the appointment of six new clerks at salaries ranging from $5 to $8 per day. These clerks are to be employed in various capacities during the session of the legislature.

TO SPEND BIG MONEY.

This brings the total amount of proposed expenditures for new offices up to the neighborhood of $450,000. It is an enormous increase, which it is proposed to saddle upon the taxpayers of the state. And yet the taxpayers do not seem to be making any protest, but are going ahead urging no objection to the increase of burden. Of course, if the farmers and small merchants and taxpayers generally of the state are satisfied there is no reason why anybody else should kick.

In the eyes of a good many people the worst things that the legislature did last week was to refuse to censure the over officious sergeant-at-arms, who used personal violence to seat Mr. Hosack, of Allegheny, or to censure the message clerk, G. W. Marshall, for choking and assaulting Representative Coray on the floor of the house. It is possible that this failure to uphold the dignity of the house of representatives may sometime return to plague the members, and those who were most instrumental in blocking a resolution of censure may have cause to regret their action.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

Near Burkville, Ill., less than twenty-five miles from St. Louis, is a cavern which has been explored fourteen miles in one direction and six miles in the opposite course.

According to the latest returns there are 807,471 paupers in England, 97,947 in Scotland and 97,587 in Ireland, supported at an annual cost to the public of $67,000,000.

A Vilvorde peasant has just come into a fortune of £2,000,000, left to him by a cousin who died in Russia. When the dead man's father was in misery the peasant's father was the only brother who would help him.

A passion play will be given at Selzach, in the Canton of Soleure, Switzerland, on June 16. Performances will take place each Sunday and fete days up to September 1, when the performances will be brought to a close.

The Rev. A. J. Haughey, of Mason City, Ill., has during his clerical career married 1,357 couples and conducted over 1,500 funerals. So far as is known this record has not been exceeded by any minister in the country.

The Rhenish Westfallan "Gazette" publishes a soldier's letter from Tien Tsin saying that coffins containing arms and destined for the Chinese had been found and confiscated on board English merchant ships at the entrance to the Pelho.

A New York police commissioner declared the other day that it was easier to hang a man for murder than so dismiss a policeman. "Last year" he said, "the board had to pay out $130,000 in back salaries to men who had been reinstated by the courts."

Several unique bills were introduced in the Wisconsin assembly recently. The queerest was that by Mr. Young, of Eau Claire, which provides that after January 1, 1904, railway companies shall equip their trains with devices that will keep them on the track after derailment.

Hitherto Lowestoft, England, has been noted for two peculiarities. The curfew is still rung at 8 o'clock each evening and burglaries have been facilitated by the street gas lamps being extinguished at midnight. Now the streets are to be lighted by electricity at night and electric trams are promised.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

Frank Weber Exrs. et al to Matilda Myers, Jan. 1, 1901, 218 acres 84 perches in Huston twp. Consideration $2,250.

Wm. Smyth to Samuel Kryder, April 8, 1864, 149 perches in Marion twp. Con. $800

Joseph Bros. & Co., to J. F. Harrison, March 7, 1901. Lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $400.

Peter Robb Sr., et al trustees to Wm. E. Bridge, March 2, 1901, 149 perches in Marion twp. Consideration $600.

Anna R. Royer to H. N. Orwig et al, March 1, 1901, 123 acres 133 perches in Gregg twp. Con. $2,800.

J. D. Shugert to Sam'l Decker, Feb. 17, 1900, 162 acres 99 perches in Walker twp. Consideration $6,200.

Nancy E. Johnstonbaugh et baron to John Guiser, March 9, 1901, 31 acres 94 perches in Walker twp Consideration $2700.

Emil Joseph et al to Wm. Steel, Aug. 8 1900. Lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $50.

Jos. S. Parsons exrs. to W. L. Steel, Sept. 18, 1900. Lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $550.

Jacob Hoy to N. M. Smyth, April 6, 1864, 80 perches in Marion twp. Consideration $50.

Daniel Straw to Christian Sharrer, March 1, 1901, 776 acres in Rush twp. Consideration $100.

L. B. Cox et ux to Jos. J. Dunkle, April 9, 1886, ¼ acre in Howard. Consideration $250.

M. K. Adams et ux to L. B. Cox, March, 29, 1869, ¼ acre in Howard. Consideration $250.

John Stoner et ux to Louisa Walter et al in trust, June 3, 1899, 154 acres 3 perches in Potter twp. Con. $3,000.

Peter Wolf et ux M. K. Adams, June 10, 1864, ¼ acre in Howard. Consideration $20.

Geo. Weaver et ux to W. J. Quay, Dec. 31, 1900, tract of land in Curtin twp. Consideration $2.00

Perry Foringer et ux to Geo. Weaver, Feb. 6, 1901, 100 acres in Curtin twp. Consideration $75.

Grecian Statues Found.

Athens is excited over the great discovery of the Grecian statues that were taken up from the sea near the island now called Antikythera, the ancient Ogylos. Professor Rufus B. Richardson, director of the American school of Classical Studies at Athens, in an article in the Independent, describing in full these great archaeological discoveries, says in effect that they are as important as the Olympian sculptures or the ones of the Athenian Acropolis. They were discovered by some sponge fishers 50 feet below the surface of the sea last fall, and an expedition was sent out to rescue them. So far a few of the statues have been recovered, though there are some large ones of both bronze and marble left.

The finest figure of the collection is a bronze statue, somewhat broken, but nothing of it is lacking except a few small bits about the loins. The upper part of the body, including the head and arms, is almost as fresh as when it was buried. It was thought that this statue was either by the sculptor Lysippus or Praxiteles.

There are also in the newly found treasures three bronze statuettes about a foot and a half in length. One of them is generally pronounced to belong to the age of Phidias. There is also a marble figure of a youth. It is supposed that these statues came to be at the bottom of the sea through a shipwreck, and this may be explained by Lucian in his "Zeuxis," where he says that a Roman general was said to have sent off a large number of statues to Italy with the rest of his plunder, and that near Malea the ship sank and everything was lost.—Philadelphia Times.

Public Sales.

MONDAY, MARCH 25—J. S. Rumberger on the Reynolds farm No. 1, one mile west of Roopsburg mill, at 1 o'clock p. m.: 4 horses cows shoats, young cattle, wagons, sleds, harness, farming implements and a lot of goods too numerous to mention. Wm. Goheen, auct.

TUESDAY, MARCH 26—By Robert Cook, on the Abram Poorman farm, 1½ miles north of Brown's store, in Boggs Township, at 1 o'clock p. m.: 2 horses, 3 cows, 5 head of young cattle, 2 shoats, buggies, wagons, farm implements, and household goods. David Wentzel, auct.

PUBLIC SALE.

Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, Pa., will sell at his residence, Rhoneymede, three miles west of the Old Fort, Centre county, ninety head of live stock embracing Morgan and French Coach horses and colts, Holstein cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire swine, including farm implements.

While these animals have not been registered they have been bred from registered sires for three and four generations.

A rare opportunity to buy well bred stock. Sale begins at 10 A. M., March 29th, 1901.

j2-3m

WANTED.—Capable, reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; $936 salary per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide, definite salary, no commission, salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. Standard House; Caxton Building, Chicago

REAL ESTATE,

Loan And Title Co.

Of Centre County.

JOHN C. MILLER, President.
EDMUND BLANCHARD, Secretary.
J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Treasurer

Real Estate and Conveyancing.

Valuable Town and Country property for sale or rent.
Properties cared for and rents collected.
Loans Negotiated.
Titles Examined.
Certified Abstracts of Titles furnished upon application.
If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in our hands.
If you wish to buy or rent a farm or house consult us.
If you wish to borrow money call on us.
Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure you.

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A Long Distance TELEPHONE

Combines perfect local service with advantages coming from all LONG DISTANCE subscribers.

From a commercial standpoint the Telephone yields a larger profit on the investment than anything else in the world. As a

Household Equipment

its value cannot be estimated.

The Rates are Moderate.

Central Penna. Telephone & Supply Company,

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	A M	P M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 50	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Ty ...	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 51	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 10	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	.....Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 50	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 24	9 29	.....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 28	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	....Woodland....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Spri'gs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	....Clearfield....	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward.				Eastward	
p m	a m			a m	p m
1 38	5 40	.....	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 35	.....	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	.....	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	.....	Millinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	.....	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	.....	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	.....	Paddy Mountain ...	7 57	3 42
3 02	7 50	.....	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	.....	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	.....	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 28	8 11	.....	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	.....	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	.....	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	.....	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	.....	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	.....	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	.....	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	.....	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward.				Eastward.		
55	53	51		50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville...	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
425	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 43
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 24	10 11	.....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	...Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	....Bald Eagle....	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	..... Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.			Mail.	EASTWARD. Exp.	Bellf Ac
††	†5	†3		†2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p mp	m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	225	6 3
f638	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f643	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f646	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f650	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f655	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f703	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f712	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 25	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f727	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f731	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.
f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
All druggists.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

SENATOR C. L. MAGEE.

His Death, at Harrisburg, After an Illness of Two Years.

BEGAN LIFE AS AN OFFICE BOY

Later Occupied Positions of Trust in the City of Pittsburg and Became Active in Republican Political Circles.

RECORD AS PITTSBURG'S TREASURER

HARRISBURG, March 9.—Senator Christopher Lyman Magee, of Pittsburg, editor, statesman, philanthropist and financier, died at 5.22 o'clock last evening after an illness of more than two years. His death was unexpected as it was generally believed by his friends that he was improving in health. His condition took a turn for the worse Thursday night and the members of his family were hurriedly summoned to Harrisburg. He gradually grew weaker during the night and his end was peaceful and calm. His remains will be taken to Pittsburg at 3 o'clock this afternoon on a special car.

PITTSBURG, March 9.—Christopher Lyman Magee was born in Pittsburg on Good Friday, April 14, 1848. His father was Christopher L. Magee, and his mother, Elizabeth Steel, an English girl, who came to this country at the age of five years.

While a boy, Magee attended public school in the present Grant school, on Grant street. Subsequently he studied at the Western University. After this course at the Western University, he entered the employ of Park, McCurdy & Co., as office boy.

It was made necessary for Mr. Magee to go to work early in life by the death of his father, which took place when he was 15 years of age, his mother being left with three children younger than himself. After a brief service with the steel company he secured a clerkship in the controller's office and devoted his earnings to help support the family. From his mother he received his best training and she was for the next 25 years his most trusted and beloved adviser. In 1869 he was made cashier of the city treasury, and in 1874, at the age of 23, was elected treasurer of the city, receiving 2,000 more votes than the candidate for mayor on the republican ticket. He was again elected to the office in 1874.

It is claimed for him that while treasurer and shortly afterward he had the city debt reduced from $15,000,000 to $8,000,000. He was twice secretary of the republican state committee and has been a delegate in almost every republican state convention since 1872 and every republican national convention since 1876. In 1880 he was one of the 306 supporters of General Grant at the republican national convention. In the national convention of 1892 he was one of the supporters of President Harrison, after tendering his aid to Blaine and been snubbed by him, it is said.

Mr. Magee was president of the Consolidated Traction company, and was a director in numerous local banks, trust companies and insurance companies. He was also the president of Mercy hospital, an institution to which he was the chief contributor, and in which he took an especial interest.

He was the principal owner of the Pittsburg Times, a newspaper that he acquired after he succeeded the late Robert W. Mackey to the management of the political affairs of the city. His death will be sincerely mourned for his most persistent political opponent was in no sense his personal enemy.

When Baby had Scald Head—When Mother had Salt Rheum—When Father had Piles.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment gave the quickest relief and surest cure. These are gems of truth picked from testimony which is given every day to this greatest of healers. It has never been matched in curative qualities in Eczema, Tetter, Piles, etc. 35 cts.—52.

Sold by F, Potts Green.

—The Ministerial meeting of United Brethern ministers which was held at Tyrone Thursday was full of interest. The following pastors were present: Rev. G. W. Sherrick, P. E. of the east district; Revs. W. Williamson, S. S. Hough, of Altoona; B. C. Shaw, of Huntingdon; T. W. Perks, of Bellefonte; C. C. Bingham, of Woodland; B. G. Hummel, of Runville; R. P. Roberts, East Freedom; Mr. Vincent, of Stormstown; and W. W. Rymer. Rev. Mr. Sherrick was elected chairman of the meeting, B. G. Hummel vice president and T. W. Perks secretary. The officers were designated as a committee on programme and place of holding next meeting. Subjects relating to church work were considered with care and many good thoughts and plans of religous work were given.

Heart Relief in half an hour.

A lady in New York State, writing of her cure by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, says: "I feel like one brought back from the dead, so great was my suffering from heart trouble and so almost miraculous my recovery through the agency of this powerful treatment. I owe my life to it."—53. Sold by F. Potts Green.

Thomas—Butler Case.

The above entitled case is one of some importance, one which attracted some interest when it was tried. The case arose out of a transaction between D. R. Thomas, Burdyn and Tho. Butler. Mr. Thomas borrowed money from Thomas Butler, to secure which Thomas gave his note with Burdyn Butler as bail. A judgment was obtained on this note, execution issued and a large amount of personal property levied upon as the property of D. R. Thomas. Mrs. Thomas gave notice that this personal property levied upon belonged to her, and not to D. R. Thomas. The sheriff returned the writ under the sheriff's interpleader act and feigned issue was awarded by the Court to try the title to this personal property levied upon by the sheriff and claimed by Mrs. Thomas. The case was tried before Judge Love who rejected a part of defendant's evidence as incompetent and irrelevant, and in his instructions to the jury departed to some extent from the rules laid down by the courts relative to cases of this character. Under Judge Love's ruling the jury found in favor of Mrs. Thomas and against Burdyn Butler. From this judgment Butler took an appeal to the Superior Court. The case was argued last October. Last week the Supreme Court reversed the judgment of the Court below and granted a new trial. The judgment was reversed on the ground that the court erred in excluding Butler's evidence, and in the charge to the jury, which seemed too favorable to the plaintiff, under the facts as they were developed in the trial of the case. Col. Reeder and W. E. Gray represented the plaintiff, and Spangler, and Orvis, Bower & Orvis, the defendent.

Women Who Wear Well.

It is astonishing how great a change a few years of married life will make it the appearance and disposition of many women. The freshness, the charm, the brilliance vanish like the bloom from a peach which is rudely handled. The matron is only a dim shadow, a faint echo of the charming maiden. There are two reasons for this change, ignorance and neglect. Few young women appreciate the shock to the system through the change which comes with marriage. Many neglect to deal with the unpleasant drains which are often consequent on marriage and motherhood, not understanding that this secret drain is robbing the cheek of its freshness and the form of its fairness. As surely as the general health suffers when there is derangement of the health of the delicate womanly organs, so surely when these organs are established in health the face and form at once witness to the fact in renewed comeliness. Half a million women and more have found health and happiness in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

The British Budget.

While congress has been spending its time evolving a war revenue reduction act, to lighten our burden of taxation, the English ministry is considering plans for an increase in the government receipts, in order to make both ends meet. Among the hints that have been given out by the chancellor of the exchequer is that a duty may be imposed on imports of sugar, It is not intended to levy this tax on sugar brought from the colonies but only on the subsidy fed sugar of Europe. But England is now accustomed to cheap sugar, and any change that will tend to increase the price to the consumer will undoubtedly be very unpopular with the whole people.

The British taxes through excise, stamps, etc., already cover so many of the ordinary business transactions that it is difficult to increase the revenue without making the tax a hardship to business. The chancellor has, therefore, been casting his eyes around for new fields for taxation, and he is said to be considering a guinea a head charge on life insurance agents and also a tax on bicycles. At the same time, it is expected that the stamp duty on both railroad tickets and telegraph messages will be increased. The war in South Africa, though it now brings but little honor to the British arms, still calls for a heavy drain on the British pocket.—Boston Herald

—The March issue of McClure's Magazine is one of notable value, a value at once timely and permanent. The leading feature is a character study of Edward VII., written by the man in America most competent for the task, George W. Smalley, the correspondent of the London Times. Accompanying the article are pictures which form a series of portraits of the new sovereign from earliest youth to the present. Following this appreciation of the King, there is a collection of pictures of Queen Victoria. These are 30 in number, reproductions of photographs and painting, and they are a complete pictorial souvenir of the monarch. A descriptive text accompanies them.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

Co. B Will Give an Entertainment.

On Friday evening, March 22nd, Co. B, of the 5th Regiment, will give a stereopticon entertainment. It will be mostly composed of war pictures, and some good lively singing. The boys are trying to raise money for Memorial Day, and, as it is for this excellent cause, everyone in town should patronize them.

A pound of cork will sustain in the water a man weighing 154 pounds.

A Chance for Some Young Lady in Search of a Husband.

The following bills have been posted in and around Crawford township, Clinton county.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY REASON OF THE FACT THAT I HAVE NO WIFE AND NO HOUSEKEEPER AND CANNOT GET ONE

I will dispose of at public sale, at my residence, in Crawford township, Clinton county, Pa., on Monday, March 18, the following described property:

SIX HEAD OF MILCH COWS,

Two calves, one bay bull, ten young hogs, one young bay mare and two well matched black colts, one or nearly one year old.

THIS IS NOT A HOAX OR A DODGE

To get rid of a lot of worthless stock at a good price, but I

MUST GET A WIFE OR HAVE A SALE

And as the former is yet out of sight, the sale is determined upon.

JAMES McKEAGE.

A telegram from Jersey Shore to the Philadelphia Inquirer states the posting of these bills has aroused a spirit of sympathy among the men which bodes well for prices McKeage's live stock may fetch when the melancholy sale occurs. But it has also awakened in the hearts of some of the women a feeling of pity for the flight of the thrifty farmer, and a hall formed determination that the sale shall not take place at all, that the circumstances shall be so changed that it is no longer necessary.

Squire McKeage is a bachelor orphan, about 38 years old, and he lives alone on a large farm. Recently he has been engaged in hauling lumber during the day and has performed woman's duties about the farmstead during the night, only getting about three hours' sleep out of the 24. Thus the poor man is driven to the extremity set forth in his sale bill.

The farmers have thoroughly discussed the affair and agree it is perfectly logical. The cows are useless without a woman to milk them; the calves and shoats cannot live without the milk. The bay mare is a lady's driving horse, an article of extravagance for a bachelor to indulge in, and the matched colts—well it is a part of the feminine duty to feed them, and they are just such as a woman might love to drive later on.

It is predicted that 'Squire McKeage's sale will attract an immense crowd—provided no member of the fair sex comes to the rescue of the bewildered farmer and turn it into a wedding.

Fire at Millheim.

Monday evening about 5:30 o'clock, while the guests of the Musser House were eating, W. S. Musser, proprietor of the hotel, endeavored to fill one of the handsome Welsbach hydro carbon lamps that was just above the table. At the time two lamps were burning on the table.

Mr. Musser is a novice in the manipulation of the Welsbach lights, and after the small tank which contains the gasoline had been filled, he started to place it in position. He did not have the valve in the tank closed and considerable gasoline ran into the cylinder. Upon closing the tank and placing it in the cylinder the gasoline which had escaped was forced out and fell directly into one of the lights burning on the table. In an instant the gasoline was scattered over the entire table, flames shot into the air and the guests were falling over each other in wildest confusion to get out of the room. Someone, however, possessed presence of mind sufficient to throw a piece of carpet over the table before leaving. This deadened the fire for a few moments, but then it broke forth anew and the table-cloths, carpet and curtains burned at a furious rate. The wood work of the room and cupboards were badly charred and a fierce conflagration seemed imminent. Men came rushing to the scene and the fire was confined to the dining-room, although it looked somewhat shattered after the flames were extinguished.

None of those in the room were injured further than the scorching of their whiskers, excepting Mr. Musser. His right hand was directly above the lamp on the table and the flames struck it squarely. The skin was burned into large blisters or hanging in shreds from the palm of his hand and the fingers, which caused him great pain. Medical assistance was called to relieve his pain, but he is still suffering very much.—*Millheim Journal.*

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
All druggists.

Preachers Assigned.

The Eastern Pennsylvania conference of the Evangelical association closed its sessions at Allentown Wednesday. Bishop Breyfogle announced the following assignments for some of the charges in the Williamsport district: Presiding elder, W. A. Leopold; Williamsport, J. Willet Boyer; Lock Haven, Louis H. Yergey; Sugar Valley, James L. Boyer; Liberty, East Point and St. John's, J. P. Freed; Millersburg, S. I. Shortiss; Penns Valley, A. H. Doerstler; Spring Mills, J. F. Fensteomacher.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
All druggists.

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GOOD WIFE! YOU NEED
SAPOLIO

Professional Cards.

W. F. Reeder. H. C. Quigley
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ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.
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G. L. OWENS,
LAWYER,
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Collections everywhere. Loans in building associations. Reference: First National Bank.

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are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
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An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of
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Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.
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Frank Leslie's monthly, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
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American Agriculturist, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Rural New Yorker, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.75
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y	1.00	1.25	1.90
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y	2.00	2.00	2.50
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn	.50	1.00	1.50
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn	3.00	3.00	3.50
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass	1.75	2.25	2.90
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass	.50	1.00	1.50
New England Homestead, Sprfngfield, Mass	1.00	1.25	1.85
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass	1.00	1.00	1.65
Farm, Field and Fireside, Chicago, Ill	1.00	1.00	1.65
Orange Judd Farmer, Chicago, Ill	1.00	1.25	1.85
Epitomist, Indianapolis, Ind	.50	1.00	1.50
Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.65
Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich	.50	1.00	1.65
Farm and Fireside, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
Farm News, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
Home and Farm, Louisville, Ky	.50	1.00	1.50
The Farmer, St. Paul, Minn	.50	1.00	1.50
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The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication ublished unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.
WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

—Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN.

—Harry T. Miller has been appointed policeman to succeed Jacob S. Knisely, resigned.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Blackford is lying very ill at her home on Bishop street with pneumonia.

—A valuable horse owned by Frank Strunk, of Bush Addition, died on Sunday afternoon.

—Frank Shaughensy, of this place, transacted busines in Lock Haven and Renova yesterday.

—If the break in the weather comes, at this time, we may look for plenty of mud and bad roads.

—This is the time of year when the very greatest precautions should be taken with respect to one's health.

—Bad blood and indigetions are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

—Mr. John Anderson, of Bellefonte, has been granted a pension by the government of $12,00 per month.

—The various borough and township auditors are now at work auditing the accounts that annually come into their hands.

—A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

—Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

—The new fair ground below town is badly flooded by the recent rains. The water covers the race track and several buildings have been washed away.

—Gov. Stone signed the "Ripper" bill last Thursday. He appointed James Moir, paesent mayor of Scranton, to be Recorder of that city. No appointments were made for Allegheny or Pittsburg.

—The engagement of Miss Catharine Bortle McCullough, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert McCullough, of Jersey Shore, to Mr. Lee Larimer, son of W. V. Larimer, of this place, has been announced.

—Twenty-three young men from Jersey Shore, Milton and Williamsport have been placed under arrest for participating in a cock fight that occurred near Bastress, Nippenose valley, on February 27.

—Justices of the peace and aldermen who were elected on the 19th ult., must file written notice with the prothonotary within 30 days from the date of their election of their intention to lift their commission.

—Lawrence Patrick, the five months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Menchio, died at its parents home at Snow Shoe, Monday. The remains were taken Tuesday evening to Tyrone where interment will be made.

—Don't go home for supper this evening. Drop in at the W. C. T. U. rooms and the ladies of the Methodist church will serve you for 25 cents with a supper that will make you glad that you are living and able to eat.

—The friends in this region of Dr. Schaeffer, state superintendent of public instruction, will learn with some disappointment of the decision of Governor Stone to drop him on the expiration of his term on April 14, and appoint Dr. Reed, of Dickinson college, to take his place.

—Here is something worth a trial. It is said that rats have so great an antipathy to castor oil that, when it is smeared lightly about the places they frequent, or on the articles they attack, they will give both a wide berth and make themselves conspicuous by their absence so long as the objectionable oil is in evidence in and about their haunts.

—For several Sundays past ministers of our town have held short and interesting meetings at the jail during the Sabbath afternoons. Archdeacon Radcliffe during his stay in town also kindly visited the jail on Sundays and spoke to the inmates. Short services of song were held by part of St. John's Episcopal choir. The ministers from town who have so far held meetings there are Miss Clara Valentine, minister of the Society of Friends; Rev. T. Levan Bickle, of the Reformed church and Dr. H. C. Holloway of the Lutheran church.

—The heavy rains of the early part of week caused the streams in this vicinity to rise and overflow their banks and considerable damage has been done. Spring Creek, Buffalo Run, Logans Branch and the Bald Eagle are all on the rampage. At Howard the water is very high and much fear is felt for the result. Sunday night a bridge near Laurelton on the Lewisburg and Tyrone branch of the P. R. R., was washed away. As a result the morning mail Monday over that road did not reach here until 10:30. Mail and passengers had to be tranferred to the morning train which leaves here at 6:40 o'clock.

A GRAND SUCCESS.

A Large Crowd Royally Entertained at Mrs. Mary Ann Johnston's Home.

On Friday evening the home of Mrs. Mary Ann Johnston on West Linn street was the scene of a large and fashionable gathering. Some will ask the reason why all these people gathered there; it is this: Some time ago ten ladies in the Presbyterian church banded themselves together for the purpose of raising money to help pay off a debt that the church had become involved in, and each one of these ladies was to select ten persons out of the congregation to help them. It being Mrs. Johnston's turn she raised her portion by giving this excellent concert. She was very ably assisted by Mrs. Rose Shortlidge, Mrs. Geo. A. Bayard, Mrs. Barbara Rankin, Mrs. Samuel Sheffer, Mrs. Frank Warfield, Misses Lucy Potter, Grace McBride, Emma Aikens, Bessie Dorworth, Helen Malin, Messrs. George Potter and Harris Heylman.

The program that had been arranged for the entertainment was composed of the best talent in Bellefonte, and to mention all personally would fill the whole paper. But we would like to just say something about the "ten" and their old-fashioned song entitled "Get on the Wagon and We'll all Take a Ride." They were all dressed in ancient costumes and made an excellent appearance. They were heartily applauded but did not respond the second time.

Mrs. Burt Hogue's part was another portion of the program that deserves special mention. She represented "Mrs. Partington, who pays a visit to A. T. Stewart's store in New York." Rebecca Jacobs and Elliot Vandevender brought down the house by singing "Reuben and Rachel."

The others who had a part on the program were all heartily encored and most all responded with beautiful selections.

The State College Mandolin and Guitar club, composed of the following young men, was present and helped make the entertainment a success: I. G. G. Forster, O. G. Cypher, G. H. Dyke, E. R. Ale and C. A. Shearer.

After the concert was over the "ten" served refreshments which alone were worth the price of admission. The sum realized was $42.50. The program was as follows:

Mandolin & Guitar Club—"Boston Ideal March and Sunshine of Roses"
Instrumental Duet—Bohemian Waltz....
Mrs. J. M. Laurie and Mrs. R. G. H. Hayes
Recitation—"Resisting Mother's Love"...
.....Miss Donachy
Solo—"My Sweetheart"..... H. P. Harris
The Ten—"Get on the Wagon and We'll All Take a Ride"
Mandolin & Guitar Club—"Philippine Shuffle Cake Walk"
Solo—"A Dream".....Miss Emma Aikens
Reuben and Rachel.....
Miss Rebecca Jacobs, Elliot Vandevender
Solo—"If you were only my Singing Girl"
.....Mrs. J. C. Meyer
Instrumental Solo—Song Without Words
.....Miss Mabel Fauble
Solo—"Bedouin Love Song"...Eugene Wentzel
Mandolin & Guitar Club—Story Teller Selection.....

Death of Justin Bronoel.

Justin Bronoel died at the Bronoel-Rolley--Folmar homestead at Milesburg Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock after an illness of short duration. He was apparently as well as usual on Friday morning but in the afternoon while out in the woodhouse had a fainting spell and fell striking his head against a lump of coal. He died in a few minutes and the doctors declared his death due to a blood clot on the brain.

Deceased was born in Milesburg and was about 42 years old. He was the son of John Bronoel, now deceased. He was a young man of excellent reputation and a consistent christian, being a member of St. John's Catholic church of this place.

He is survived by his step-father Joseph W. Folmar, his mother Mrs. Mary E. Folmar and the following brothers and sisters: Leapold, of Piano, Ill.; Frank, of Clearfield; Mrs. Adam Reading, of Gettysburg; Mrs. Patrick Hayes, Spangler; Mrs. Emile Lioret, of Ishpenning, Mich.; Mrs. A. M. Mott, Bellefonte; Misses Sidonie and Minnie, of Philadelphia; Pauline and Annie at home. Mrs. James Derr, deceased, of this place was also a sister.

The funeral took place Monday morning at 10 o'clock from St. John's Catholic church on East Bishop street. There was a large attendance of the friends and relatives of the deceased and many beautiful floral tributes were received.

The requiem mass was read by Rev. P. McArdle, pastor of the church after which the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at this place,

The pall-bearers were James Snyder, Bruce Wallace, Edward Nightbart, Henry Kohlbecker, Fred Beezer and James Bayard.

[Karthus and Clearfield papers please copy.]

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for March 11th, 1901:

Laura Kurtz, William Markle, Lucy Kline, Gertie Shuey, F. G. West.
Foreign letter—Loira Grotz.

When called for please say advertised.
W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

A DOUBLE WEDDING.

Two Happy Couples Joined in Holy Wedlock Tuesday Afternoon.

Tuesday afternoon the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gault on East Curtin street was the scene of a very happy and joyous event. It was the giving in marriage of their two daughters Misses Ella and Stella E. Gault to Harry E. Stover and Alfred F. Showers respectively.

These happy marriages occured at 3 o'clock at the Gault home, only the immediate families of the contracting parties being present. Rev. Dr. H. C. Holloway of the Lutheran church performed the ceremonies. The two ladies looked very happy and were dressed in their traveling gowns made of blue and gray ladies cloth. Immediately after the words had been said that made these happy young people husbands and wives, an excellent wedding dinner was served. They left on the 4:44 train on their wedding tour and will visit Philadelphia and Washington before returning home.

Mr. Stover has always resided in Bellefonte until lately when he took up his abode in Altoona where he is employed in the Altoona Glass factory. He is an industrious, ambitious young man and we predict a successful, happy future throughout their married life. They will make their home in Altoona.

Mr. Showers is a very industrious young man, and is a carpenter by trade. He has always lived in Bellefonte and is quite well known. His many friends wish them a life full of pleasure and happiness. This paper extends to both couples its heartiest congratulations.

Help the Boys Along.

The members of Co. B, are preparing a stereopticon entertainment for the people of Bellefonte. Pictures will be shown on canvass of the 10th P. V., while in service in the Philippines. Frank Kunkle a student at State College, who was a member of this regiment and saw active service and who took these pictures will lecture as they are shown by Mallory & Taylor. "Mickey" Irvin a natural born Irishman will sing some of his comical Irish melodies. Some illustrated songs will be rendered by the best talent in Bellefonte. Don't refuse the boys when they come around and ask you to buy a ticket, Remember the date, Friday evening March 22nd, in the Court House.

Miss Nancy Jamison Dead.

On Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Miss Nancy Jamison, of Milesburg, passed away at her home in that place. She suffered from a bilious attack which finally culminated in her death. She had lived out her allotted time and was patiently awaiting her final summons home. She was a good, kind christian lady and lived an exemplary life.

Deceased was born in Milesburg and was 76 years of age. She was a sister of the late Mrs. Mary Hoover, who lived next to the Presbyterian church on Spring street, and was the last one of a large family.

The funeral services were held at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at her late home at Milesburg conducted by Rev. Hummel, of the United Brethren church. The interment was made in the Union cemetery at this place.

Narrow Escape of Man and Team.

Torrence Delong, son of E. M. Delong, of Sugar Valley, had a narrow escape from being killed or badly hurt this week. He was hauling logs from a timber job in the woods and had just finished loading his sled with logs when a chopper near by cut a tree down. Young Delong saw the tree was falling in such a way that it would drop on him and his team. He spoke sharply to the spirited horses and they sprang forward and he ran. He got entirely out of the way of the limbs of the tree, but the horses had such a close call that a part of their harness was stripped off. The young man says it was the closest call he ever had from being killed or badly hurt in the woods.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey:

John W. Miller and Mary M. Snyder, both of Pine Grove Mills.

Harry Jaffe and Andie Silvestein, both of Philipsburg.

Harry E. Stover and Ella Gault, both of Bellefonte.

Ralph E. Shontz, of Philipsburg, and Martha B. Shultz, of Philadelphia.

Alfred G. Showers and Stella Gault, both of Bellefonte.

Woman's Exchange.

Open every Friday and Saturday afternoons. Home-made bread and rolls, hand biscuits, layer and small cakes, saratoga chips, souse jelly, marmalade and jellies. Orders taken at the rooms on Friday afternoon or by telephone through the week for deserts, croquets, pies etc. Home made mustard and mayonnaise dressing. Telephone—682 684.

—J. Victor Royer, Sec., of the Y. M. C A., will have charge of the church services at the A. M. E. church on Sunday evening.

—Edward Lucas, who has been confined to his home for the last two weeks with an attack of the grip, is able to attend to business again.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, was in town Thursday.

Chester Moore spent Sunday with his parents at Howard.

James Hale, of Philipsburg, was a Bellefonte visitor last week.

Mrs. William Larimer is visiting her son Lee at Jersey Shore.

Misses Nellie Rine and Anna Lose are visiting friends in Sunbury.

Ex-Sheriff Robert Cook, of Howard, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

W. Harrison Walker Esq., spent Sunday with his parents at Salona.

A. O. Furst, Esq., spent the past week transacting business at Gettysburg.

Reuben Mull, of Philipsburg, transacted business in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

James Black, of Philipsburg, was a business visitor to our town last week.

Supt. C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, transacted business in Bellefonte Friday.

Dr. Walter Kurtz, of Howard, transacted business in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

W. L. Daggett departed Saturday afternoon on a business trip to Patton, Pa.

Joseph D. Mitchell, of Burnham, spent Sunday at his father's home in this place.

Miss Jane Miller, of this place, is visiting her brother, William Miller, at Millheim.

John W. Stuart, of State College, is transacting business in Clearfield this week.

Mrs. Thomas K. Morris, of Tyrone, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. P. Gray Meek.

President George W. Atherton, of State College, went to Harrisburg Thursday morning.

Mr. John McMurray, of Altoona spent Sunday as the guest of Samuel Taylor of this place.

Senator Wm. C. Heinle attended the funeral of Hon. C. L. MaGee at Pittsburg Tuesday.

Miss Mary G. Foster, of Aaronsburg, is visiting Mrs. Evelyn Rogers of North Allegheny street.

Mr. Guy Thompson spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thompson at Beech Creek.

Graham Ferguson, drug clerk at Green's Pharmacy, spent Sunday at the home of his parents at Salona.

John Geiser has resigned his position at John Meese's general store and accepted a position in Altoona.

Miss Bella Shaeffer, of Nittany, spent Sunday at the home of her friend Miss Clara Robb on Bishop street.

Mrs. Herbert Sheffer, of Wellsburg, West Virginia, is a guest at the home of Samuel Sheffer on Curtin street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Harris returned home Monday afternoon from attending the inauguration at Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Stewart, of Pine Glen, who has been visiting at James H. Potter's on Linn street returned home Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs Frank Gehret returned on Friday evening from Wellsburg, West Va. They expect to make Bellefonte their future home.

Mrs Catherine Tripple left Monday for Lewisburg to assist her daughter Mrs. George Kerstetter who is about to move to Harrisburg.

Miss Ella Morrison who has been visiting her aunt Miss Mary Luft, of this place, departed for her home in Homestead Saturday afternoon.

Rev. Charles Morrison, rector of St. Matthew's church, Sunbury, Pa., preached in St. John's Episcopal church on Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Miss Rebecca Cole, of this place, departed Sunday afternoon for Lewistown where she will spend several weeks visiting her brother, Frank W. Cole of that city.

William Fisher has resigned his position as a clerk at Joseph's store and left Thursday for Altoona where he has accepted a similar position in Kline's department store.

Mrs. James H. Holmes, Jr., of State College, spent Tuesday and Wednesday as a guest at the home of C. W. Tripple on North Thomas street. She was enroute to Tyrone to visit her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Kaup, of Boalsburg, returned home from their wedding tour Wednesday night. A reception in their honor on their arrival at Boalsburg was the climax of the trip.

Miss Mollie Snyder left Monday for New York city to attend the retail openings in millinery. She expects to return with a large and complete line of the latest imported hats and bonnets.

Mrs. William Hastings, of Gatesburg, Centre county, has been at the home of her son in-law and daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Snyder, on West Seventeenth street, the past week, and will remain some days yet A new heir at the Snyder home is the magnet that attracted the lady to Tyrone.—*Tyrone Herald.*

W. M. Schnure and H. L. Mingos, two of the Electrical Engineering students of the Senior class of the Pennsylvania State College, are making a test of lines and exchanges of the Central Commercial Telephone Company. These young men have chosen the establishment of local telephones, exchanges, etc., for their thesis at graduation next June.

William Grauer was a Tyrone visitor Tuesday.

Wm. P. Duncan, of Philipsburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Wednesday.

E. R Chambers, Esq., was registered at the Park Hotel, Williamsport on Monday.

Hammond Sechler and wife departed Friday morning for a short visit to friends in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Samuel Gault, spent last Sunday and Monday with her sister, Mrs. D. H. Ruhl, at Spring Mills.

Wallace Brungart, who has been working in Tyrone, returned to his home at Rebersburg on Tuesday.

Mr. John McCormick manager of the Commercial Telephone Co., transacted business in Lock Haven Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Bronoel who was called home by the death of her brother, departed for Philadelphia on Tuesday morning.

Miss Mary Wood and Mrs. Gibson, of Pine Grove, who attended the missionary convention at Tyrone are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Miss Lawler, of New York City, has returned to Bellefonte again and will resume her duties as milliner at Joseph's Brothers store.

Miss Lydia Thomas, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Thomas, is at home again after an extended visit in New York and Philadelphia.

Morris J. Runkle, clerk in C. M. Parrish's drug store, spent part of last week with friends at Spring Mills.

Miss Maude Frink after a short visit with her cousin Miss Jennie Stover of this place departed for her home in Tyrone Friday.

Dr. David Stiver, of Chicago, departed Wednesday for his home in the Western metropolis after a visit with friends in Bellefonte and Centre Hall.

Mrs. James A. Beaver, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Malin and daughter, Miss Helen, and Mrs. Joseph L. Montgomery departed for Philadelphia Tuesday morning.

Miss Mary R. Moore, of Missoula, Montana, is the guest of her brother, Thomas Moore, corner of Bishop and Spring streets. She will spend the summer with friends in this section.

Mrs. Caroline E. Rhone and daughter, Miss Ella, of Los Angeles, Cal., who have been visiting friends in this section since last fall are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Keller, of this place, ere returning to their western home.

A. Fred Blair, son of F. P. Blair, of this place, who has been engineer for the Atlas Cement Co. at Allentown for some time, contemplates moving to Boston soon where he has been tendered a fine position by the D. S. Sturdevent Co., engineering specialties.

Mrs. Emil Joseph accompanied by her son Edmund, left Thursday for New York City where she will spend the next two months with her mother. Mrs. Joseph has been in ill health, and her doctors recommended a change, which we hope will restore her health to her again.

Rev. Benner Armor, who had been visiting his father in Bellefonte departed Friday afternoon for Pittsburg. Rev. Armor has had a large charge up in Canada, but owing to his health failing him it has been necessary for him to relinquish his work, and he has accepted a professorship in one of the Catholic colleges in the above mentioned city.

Former Gov. Daniel H. Hastings sailed from Philadelphia this morning for Cuba in company with Mr. John Holden of the Sterling Coal Co. The Governor's trip is one of business and pleasure and he hopes also to receive health benefits from the ocean voyage. He will visit the several principal cities in Cuba and will take a look at our new Porto Rican possessions. The Bahamas may also be included in his itinerary. He expects to be gone about 3 weeks.

Wants a Divorce.

Walter L. Main, the well known circus man, has applied for a divorce from his wife. The papers were filed in Ashtabula county, Ohio. Main states that his wife is in California and refuses longer to live with him.

She traveled with the circus many years and assisted greatly in amassing the $500,000 which Main has made in the show business. She is well educated and can speak several languages. When the train was wrecked on the Tyrone & Clearfield road several years ago, Mrs. Main was one of the first to gain her presence of mind, and without fear of being attacked or thinking of the narrow escape, she immediately left her private car and went in among the animals, giving orders to a gang of men who were willing to do her bidding. As a result of her presence of mind, many of the beasts were captured.

Mr. Charles Hasty the prolific writer of the funny sayings who is also the author of "Two Merry Tramps" has written a new budget of parodies and a new monologue which he introduces in the character of the "Mellen's Food" baby in the play.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

RICHARD K. McCAFFERTY.

Passed Away at His Home on Logan Street Monday Evening.

Monday evening at quarter of 6 o'clock Richard K. McCafferty died at his home on East Logan street after an illness of two years' duration. Death was due to a general breaking down of the system.

Richard King McCafferty was born in Milroy, Mifflin county, Feb. 3, 1831, making his age at death 70 years, 1 month and 8 days. He was married to Katherine Murphy, a native of Kilkenny, Ireland, in 1857, and has been a resident of Bellefonte for the past 54 years. He was a stone mason and contractor and quite successful in his chosen occupation. He was a member of St. John's Catholic church of this city.

He leaves to mourn his loss a wife and the following children: James and Mrs. Edward Brown Jr., of Bellefonte; Thomas of Pittsburg, and Martin, of Waynesburg.

Three brothers and a sister also survive namely, Charles, of Washington, D. C., Thomas, William and Mrs. Susan Powers, of Bellefonte.

The funeral will take place this morning at 10 o'clock from St. John's Catholic church on Bishop street. Friends will start from the house at 9:30 o'clock. Interment in the Catholic cemetery.

Death of a Philipsburg Lady.

Mrs. Catharine Holt, wife of D. W. Holt of Philipsburg, died at her home in that place Thursday noon.

The deceased was born in Patton township, this county, on the 11th day of December, 1841, thus making her age 59 years, 2 months and 24 days. She was the daughter of James and Matilda Allport, the former dying October 4th, 1854, and the latter lingering to a very advanced age, passing away less than two years ago. Her father was born at Hartley, Worchestershire, England, May 11, 1799, and was brought up by his uncle who was a commissary general in the English army. He was with his uncle in the Peninsular war in Spain, and also accompanied him in the campaign with the "Iron Duke," which resulted in the defeat and final overthrow of Napoleon at Waterloo. The boy James was an eye witness of the battle of Waterloo.

Through the influence of his uncle he was pensioned by the English government, which pension was to descend to his heirs so long as he or they remained subjects to the Crown. After making America his permanent home Mr. Allport became a naturalized citizen of the United States, declaring that he would not for any pension forego his rights as a citizen of the land of his adoption. He first settled in New York, where he was engaged as an importer of hardware. Along about 1828 large tracts of land in Clearfield county, not far from Philipsburg, became his property in a settlement with the New York firm with which he was identified. In 1831 he married Matilda Hunter and soon after to his new home in the wilderness brought his young bride on horseback. He became very prominent in the development of the industrial interests of Philipsburg and vicinity.

The Allports trace their genealogical line back to the time of Charles II, and it was their ancestors who hid that monarch in the oak tree when pursued by the minions of Cromwell. After the king ascended the throne he bestowed on the family the coat-of-arms which still distinguishes them in the mother country.

Mrs. Holt was the fourth of six children, three of whom still survive: Mrs. Mary Burger, who lives near Baltimore; Mrs. Matilda Dale, Lemont, this county, and J. C. Allport, of Warrenton, Va. She is also survived by her husband, no children having been born to their union. The deceased has for many years been a devoted member of St. Paul's P. E. church.

A Former Centre County Boy Dead.

A former Centre county boy, George Gardner, died in Pittsburg Friday afternoon of pneumonia superinduced by the grip. He was born at Rock Springs and was buried on the day that would have been his 29th birthday. He was the son of Mrs. Wilson Gardner of Rock Springs. He is survived by his mother, three brothers and one sister, namely, Robert and Harry, of Pittsburg; Wm. of Graysville and Mrs. Thos. Gates, of Rock Springs.

The body was brought to Rock Springs Saturday and the funeral took place Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment in Graysville cemetery. Deceased was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church.

Heavy Damages Asked for.

Mary E. McAvinew asks $30,000 damages in the Lycoming county court for the death of her husband, Michael McAvinew, a fireman employed by the New York Central railroad company, who was killed February 8, 1900, in the collision near Gordon Heights, on the Beech Creek. Frank H. McAvinew, a minor son, also asks $30,000 damages for the death of his father, Michael McAvinew.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Folmar, of Milesburg, wish through the columns of this paper to extend their heartfelt thanks to each and everyone who in anyway assisted them at the time of their recent bereavement in the loss of their son the late Justin Bronoel.

—Harry Larimer, who has been sick for three months with typhoid fever, is able to be out among his friends again.